

LET US PHOTOGRAPH YOUR

WEDDING

FRANCIS WU'S STUDIO
GLOUCESTER ARCADE

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR OVER ONE HUNDRED YEARS

No. 33713.

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1947.

WINDSOR HOUSE

Price: 20 Cents.

We Buy and Sell

TYPEWRITERS

CALCULATING MACHINES
also: Anything and Everything
for OFFICE MACHINES
Excellent SERVICE

Hongkong Typewriter Exchange

9, D'Aguilar St. Tel. 2148

PRINCESS ELIZABETH'S BETROTHAL

October Wedding Predicted: Announcement Promised

Philip Drives To The Palace

The engagement of Princess Elizabeth, heir presumptive, and Lieutenant Philip Mountbatten, former Prince Philip of Greece, will be officially announced shortly, Reuter learned on good authority in London today.

The wedding, it was stated, would not take place before October at the earliest.

Earlier newspaper reports of an engagement announcement had made London society and British popular opinion agog today for the fifth time since the Princess came officially of age three years ago.

Interest has heightened on this occasion by the unusual wording of the customary official statement disclaiming the press forecast.

"The King," said an official statement from the Royal Court at Buckingham Palace, "has not yet authorised any statement to be made about the engagement of the Princess. If the King decides to make a statement, it will go out through the usual channels."

The appearance of the words "yet" and "if" the King decides to the formal denial have aroused the speculation that there might be something in the story that the Royal nuptials would be formally announced this week.

Previous denials have been worded carefully to say that the couple were not engaged, but the Palace has refused to be drawn into betting the ultimate possibility of the match.

Romantic Figure

The story of the engagement rumors goes back to 1943, when American newspapers freely linked the Princess with two young Guards Officers, with whom she frequently went dancing—Lord Hugh Fitzroy, Earl of Euston, and Charles Manners, the Duke of Rutland, the latter since married.

Prince Philip's name first came up in 1945 in the form of reports through Greek Monarchist circles. Notwithstanding an immediate refutation by the King's private secretary, Sir Alan Lascelles, the story gained strength in popular discussion: mainly because of the news value of the Prince himself.

As a cousin of King George of the Hellenes, second cousin to King George VI, and a nephew of Lord Mountbatten, the handsome young naval lieutenant became a figure of romance.

Lieutenant Mountbatten is at present a member of the Greek Orthodox Church but it is probable that in due course he will be received into the Church of England and it may follow that British peerage will be conferred on him.

The Privy Council met recently and it is not thought that a further meeting would be necessary if an announcement of the engagement were to be made.

Many Preliminaries

Some well-informed people were expecting the official announcement as early as tonight or tomorrow morning. The wedding at Westminster Abbey could hardly take place before October owing to the many preliminaries that would be necessary.

One formality which would have to be gone through would be the obtaining of the assent of Parliament to the marriage.

Immediately on the engagement of the heiress presumptive to the throne, adjustments would be made in the civil list. At present the Princess receives £25,000 a year. On her marriage, this would be raised probably to £60,000.

ON OTHER PAGES

Page Two
Gendarmes on Trial.

Page Four
Death Sentences Confirmed.

Pages Eight and Nine
Engineering Section.

Page Twelve
Palmer Case Review.

The Test Match.

BIG ROUND-UP IN ATHENS

Athens, July 9.
The Government announced today that it has arrested 1,500 Leftists including Dimitris Partsalides, secretary general of EAM, after receiving information that the Communists and EAM were planning an uprising in Athens and Piraeus within 24 hours.

The roundup began early this morning and is continuing.—United Press.

Won't Have 'Em As A Gift

New York, July 8.
It is noteworthy that the Greek-born Duchess of Kent, who is a cousin of Lt. Mountbatten, has just returned from a visit to her mother in Athens. The Duchess is understood to be a strong supporter of the romance of Philip and Elizabeth and a confidante of the Princess.

It also is noteworthy that Princess Alice of Greece, mother of 28-year-old Phillip, is in Britain.—United Press.

Duke And Duchess Of Clarence?

United Press learned that King George has decided to create Princess Elizabeth and her bridegroom the Duke and Duchess of Clarence, probably soon after their wedding. The last person to hold that title was the elder brother of King George V, who died shortly before he was to have been married to Queen Mary—then Princess of Teck.

(Continued on Page 12 Col. 7)

Effort To Stop Big Strike

Paris, July 9.
Government officials conferred with Union leaders today in almost last-minute efforts to prevent the threatened strike of State employees scheduled to bring 1,600,000 men off their jobs at midnight tomorrow for the biggest strike in recent French history.

The strike would paralyse practically all activity throughout the country affecting 400,000 administrative employees, 240,000 Post Office workers, 100,000 subway, streetcar and bus men, 300,000 public utility and Sanitary Department employees and some 6,000 workers in the State match and tobacco monopoly.—Associated Press.

Vetter To Marry English Girl

London, July 8.
Werner Vetter, 22-year-old German prisoner of war sentenced to a year's imprisonment for "illegally consorting" with a British girl, is to be freed and allowed to marry the girl who is the mother of his child.

It was announced in the House of Commons today that British women will henceforth be allowed to marry German prisoners of war.

After the War Secretary Mr. F. J. Bellenger had stated he could not make a statement about Vetter because the findings of the Military Court had not yet reached the War Office.

Mr. George Oliver, Under-Secretary to the Home Office, to announce an immediate application of the new license to marry to the jailed prisoner of war.

Laughter and cheers all but drowned Mr. Oliver's words as he announced that steps would be taken immediately to see that Vetter got the full benefit of the new regulations.

Five members of Parliament had tabled questions protesting the severity of his sentence.

His girl-friend is 21-year-old Olive Reynolds, of Northeast London. After the marriage, she will lose her British nationality and will have to be content to live apart from her husband, who will not get any concessions because he is married to an English girl.

JORDAN ROAD SMASH

A Chinese pedestrian was killed and a ricksha coolie injured in a motor accident in Jordan Road last evening.

At about 7.00 p.m., a private car, No. 1950, driven by Mrs. E. Robertson, of 13 Playing Field Road, was travelling from the Ferry along Nathan Road and in turning into Jordan Road, knocked over a ricksha coolie and then a pedestrian. The pedestrian was instantly killed while the ricksha coolie was admitted to Kowloon Hospital with slight injuries.

Loch Ness Monster Keeps His End Up

Inverness, July 8.
If the American flying saucer epidemic is a plot to keep the tourist trade away from the Loch Ness monster, then it has failed. J. W. McKillop, county clerk of Inverness-Shire reported triumphantly today.

All hotels are filled and every day countless numbers of eyes are trained on the 21-mile Loch, the deepest in Scotland, to see if the celebrated monster will break the surface.

McKillop said: "The flying saucers are a passing fancy at the moment only. The monster, on the other hand, has been attracting visitors here almost 1,400 years."

"Long after the flying saucers have gone the way of the strange lights over Scandinavia last year, the people will be thronging to look over the original monster or his descendants," he said.

McKillop saw the monster last on April 5—just as the tourist season was getting off to a slow start.

"He was about half a mile out," he recounted to hopeful visitors.

"It was clear and fine and calm, just the weather he likes. Then I saw a terrific turmoil on the waters and a vast body began to churn across the Loch at a great speed after which it disappeared in the holl of the water."

There was little doubt that "certain other questions" included the flying saucers are some form of mass hypnosis, nothing even remotely tangible, as the barrel-shaped body, horned head, tusked chin and eyes as big as the wheels of an automobile which repeatedly make up the Loch Ness monster.

McKillop said, "Besides these saucers things in the air give the people cricks in the neck. Now, visitors to Loch Ness can sit in comfort at waterside hotels and quaff cooling liquids until the monster appears."—United Press.

Mass Hypnosis

McKillop says he is convinced that the flying saucers are some form of mass hypnosis, nothing even remotely tangible, as the barrel-shaped body, horned head, tusked chin and eyes as big as the wheels of an automobile which repeatedly make up the Loch Ness monster.

McKillop said, "Besides these saucers things in the air give the people cricks in the neck. Now, visitors to Loch Ness can sit in comfort at waterside hotels and quaff cooling liquids until the monster appears."—United Press.

**New 'War' In
Pacific**

Honolulu, July 9.
An Army surgeon and four medical corpsmen flew 1,000 miles from Oahu to the tiny Palmyra atoll on Tuesday to give emergency aid to the injured crew of a 7th Airforce, C46, which crashed on a coral reef on Monday.

On man lost an arm and a leg when the ship crashed 30 seconds after taking off for Oahu. The others aboard are suffering from shock.

The Palmyra message asking for help was picked up by an amateur radio operator 6,000 miles away in Audubon, New Jersey, who relayed instructions from a physician for emergency treatment.—Associated Press.

Memorandum

Melbourne, July 8.
According to press reports reaching Melbourne from Townsville, American airmen from the Solomon Islands report that Malaita Islanders had declared war on the British settlement at Guducanai.

These islanders, say these reports, landed from their war canoes on July 8, armed with spears and blowpipes.

The trouble, say the airmen, started a week ago when the British settlement received supplies of flour and rice while the inhabitants of the other areas were subsisting on fish and coconuts.—United Press.

Rumania Refuses

Bucharest, July 9.
A special meeting of the Rumanian Cabinet today declined to accept the invitation to the Paris Marshall plan conference.

The decision was taken without vote and no reason was given.

At the same session it was decided that Rumania would

not be represented at the Conference in Paris on the Marshall plan.

The Foreign Office spokesman said: "There was no question of pressure on either for or against Czechoslovakia's participation in the conference—the memorandum was merely an expression of Russia's own position."—United Press.

**GRAND SUMMER
SALE**

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY

FROM WEDNESDAY - JULY 9

UNUSUAL BARGAINS

AT

KEENSEN CO.,

VANCO CO.,

JITSING CO.,

China Building

33 Queen's Road, C.

33A Queen's Road, C.

BUSINESS HOURS 10 A.M. TO 7.30 P.M.

Nationalist Success In Shantung

Nanking, July 9.
Government troops yesterday completed the capture of Kaomi, 60 miles northwest of Tsingtao after several hours of street fighting.

Government dispatches received today stated that the Nationalist forces advancing from Kioshien, 20 miles east of Kaomi, crossed the Yellow River on July 7, entered the city yesterday and completed its capture after street fighting with the Communist garrison.

The object of the advancing Government forces is the clearing of the Communists from the Tsinling-Tsinan railway. Late dispatches today also reported the Government's capture of Tung-hua, the Communist supply base, 27 miles north of Ishui in central Shantung.

The Chinese government is planning to requisition and collect in taxes approximately 3,000,000 tons of rice during the year, starting October 1, on the basis of estimates furnished during a conference on the general mobilisation order.

Besides rice purchased through military requisition and collection of tax in kind, additional grain will be collected through a supplementary tax, details of which are not available.

The Executive Yuan is said to have approved a four point programme providing for more effective conscription, an improved system of taxation, careful maintenance of the fundamental spirit of the new constitution and the protection of the people's rights.—Associated Press.

FORGERY CHARGE

For fraudulently obtaining \$3,000 by virtue of a forged document to wit, a cheque, purporting to have been signed by Gertrude Spencer, and well knowing the same to be a forgery, John Love Spencer, 18, was remanded three days in police custody by Mr. T. S. Gordon, in charge of the case.

A communiqué said the delegation would discuss the broadening of economic relations between Czechoslovakia and the USSR and also certain other questions falling within the framework of relations between the two allies.

There was little doubt that "certain other questions" included the flying saucers are some form of mass hypnosis, nothing even remotely tangible, as the barrel-shaped body, horned head, tusked chin and eyes as big as the wheels of an automobile which repeatedly make up the Loch Ness monster.

McKillop said, "Besides these saucers things in the air give the people cricks in the neck. Now, visitors to Loch Ness can sit in comfort at waterside hotels and quaff cooling liquids until the monster appears."—United Press.

The memorandum was in the hands of the cabinet yesterday before it met on Monday afternoon and decided to accept the invitation to the July 12 conference in Paris on the Marshall plan.

The Foreign Office spokesman said: "There was no question of pressure on either for or against Czechoslovakia's participation in the conference—the memorandum was merely an expression of Russia's own position."—United Press.

The local office of the Chinese Ministry of Communications said that the goods were purchased by the Ministry through Messrs. Jardine, Matheson, and Company, Limited. They added that the claim has been filed from the Ministry's Shanghai office as the Chinese officials who were in Hong Kong at the time of the regulation were now in the northern part and better acquainted with the situation.

They said that the claim has been forwarded to the Hong Kong Government through the Shanghai office of Jardine's.

Efforts to secure a statement on the subject from the Hong Kong Government failed.

The allowances for Hong Kong civil servants published in yesterday's China Mail are a temporary measure pending consideration of the report of the Salaries Commission, it was officially learned yesterday.

It was also learned that the Salaries Commission did not participate in the discussions resulting in the revised living allowances. The Commission is still hearing evidence on salaries.

The allowances disclosed yesterday were approved by the Secretary of State for Colonies. Yesterday's detailed list should be amended as follows:

(1) Sterling-salaried married employees: earning £1,000 to £285 at £1,000 falling to £235 at £1,100 by £5 for every annual increment of £10.

(2) Sterling-salaried unmarried employees: earning £500 to £640 per annum; a fixed allowance of £200 at £600 falling to £144 at £640 by £4 for every annual increment of £10.

(3) H.K. currency-salaried married employees: earning £8,000 to £10,240 per annum; a fixed allowance of \$3,200 at \$8,000 falling to \$2,304 for every annual increment of \$160.

THE WEATHER

Fronts remain moderately high SE of Japan, and low over Burma and Indo-China. A depression is moving E across Hokkaido. A tropical depression is moving NNE across Kyushu. Today's forecast—Light or moderate ESE winds; mainly cloudy with showers, chiefly during the morning.

Feeling tired and weak?
Your diet needs this extra goodness.



When you feel tired and weak, without enthusiasm for work and play, the rich nourishment contained in Horlicks will soon build you up again.

All energy, doctors say, comes from the food we eat. If the diet contains all essential nourishing elements there is balanced building with renewed energy and vitality. But, in the present time of scarcity we may often lack these essential elements.

Horlicks contains all the goodness of full-cream cows' milk to which has been added the rich energising nourishment extracted from malted barley and wheat. Horlicks can be made with water only—the milk is in it. A drink of Horlicks every day will fortify your diet and will help to build up the reserves of energy and vitality, on need.



The Doctor Says—
YOU MUST BUILD UP YOUR RESERVES OF ENERGY, AS A SUPPLEMENT TO YOUR DIET, HORLICKS WILL GIVE YOU THE EXTRA NOURISHMENT YOU NEED.



You need energy and drive to make the most of your chances.

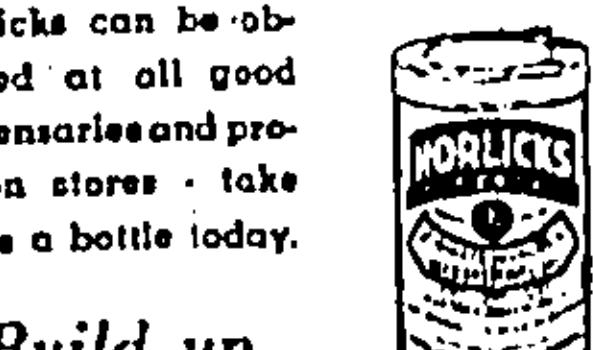
WHAT HORLICKS IS

Horlicks is made from pure full-cream cows' milk plus the nutritive extracts of malted barley and wheat. It is a complete food containing body-building and energy-giving foods in proportions necessary for normal nutrition. Horlicks is 100% nourishment.



Take HORLICKS and Build up your Energy

W. S. SHERLY & CO., Kayamally Bldg.



**SUMMER
SALE**



**EXCELLENT
OPPORTUNITY**
IN 24 DIFFERENT DESIGNS.

**BUY
YOUR
SUMMER
SHOES
NOW**

**AND OTHER
SUMMER SHOES (38 DESIGNS)
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!**

OBTAIABLE AT:

AGENTS IN KOWLOON:

CHOW HUNG CO.
Peking Rd.

KWUN KEE CO.
330, Nathan Rd.

HOUNG CHUNG CO.
632 Nathan Rd.

LUEN PONG INDUSTRIAL CO.
189, Johnston Rd., Wanchai.

AGENTS IN HONG KONG:
DRAGON LIGHT CO.
37, Queen's Rd., C.
DRAGON SEED CO.
37A, Queen's Rd., C.
BROADWAY SHOE STORE.
172, Des Voeux Rd., C.
KING'S CO.
264, Des Voeux Rd., C.
LUEN PONG INDUSTRIAL CO.
189, Johnston Rd., Wanchai.

To the exacting customers we can promise a good service in the BATA Shoe Dept. of
CHINA UNION TRADING CO.
36, Queen's Road, C, 1st floor
(entrance from D'Aguilar Street)

Bata
SHOE CO., LTD.
TEL: 63227

DO YOU STILL RECOGNISE ME?

Women Give Evidence Against Jap. Gendarmes

Central Police Station Case

Mrs. Chester Bennett, who testified before No. 7 War Crimes Court yesterday at the trial of four Japanese Gendarmes members of the Western Gendarmerie Headquarters staff, repeatedly broke down and wept as she related her experiences while detained at the Central Police Station during the Japanese regime.

Mrs. Pong Sau-ying, whose husband was executed on June 1, 1943, and detained at the Central Police Station. She was beaten and given the water torture by Sgt. Komino. On one occasion, she was not given any food for six days.

The four accused, Capt. Ushiyama Yukio, Sgt. Major Ishiyama Kikue, Sgt. Major Mori-no Sakuro and Sgt. Major Matsuyama Hiroshi are charged with the ill-treatment of prisoners in custody at Western Gendarmerie Headquarters causing death to some and physical suffering to others.

Dr. S. E. Rambler, a medical practitioner who was arrested on May 16, 1944 and detained at the Central Police Station, said that he was beaten by a Japanese Gendarme named Komino.

After being detained for about 27 days, he was made to attend to both Gendarmes and prisoners.

Dr. Rambler said that he treated several Chinese prisoners who suffered from burns, bruises, abrasions and exhaustion. It was obvious that the prisoners had been subjected to torture. Dr. Rambler said that he also attended prisoners who suffered from beri-beri and scabies.

Child Born

Dr. Rambler testified that on one occasion no sanitary provision was made in respect of a Chinese woman prisoner who gave birth to a child in the cells. He had previously warned the Japanese that confinement would take place in a few hours, but no notice was taken of the warning. The child died the next morning.

Mrs. Chester Bennett, who was then called, said that she

Coming Events

July 11—Peak Tramways annual meeting, noon.
July 16—Wm. Powell, Ltd. annual meeting, noon.

Round-Up Of Wanchai Women

Cheung Shiu Lai and 10 other women pleaded guilty before Mr. F. X. d'Almada at the Central Magistracy yesterday and were bound over in the sum of \$50 for 12 months, when charged with unlawfully loitering in a public place to wit, Hennessy Road at about 9.00 p.m. on July 7, so as to obstruct the same.

A.S.P. Halg Brown related at about 9.00 p.m. on July 7, Inspector Penfold of the H.K.E.U. accompanied by Military Police, visited the area and found the women loitering and causing an obstruction.

A.S.P. Halg Brown added that he suspected there was something behind it and that a racket of some sort was going on. In his opinion, the women were under the protection of someone who permitted them to stand in various spots, charging them \$1, \$5 and \$10 per night. The girls before "your worship," he said "are of the \$10 variety."

The 3rd and 5th defendants, from our records, prove to have been arrested before they were not charged but were given a warning by the police.

Another batch of eight girls were also brought before the Court. These were arrested in a different locality and on their pleading guilty, the same decision was announced.

A.S.P. Halg Brown, interviewed by the "China Mail" said, in June he arrested 68 girls and in July 54. Some of those charged had been previously arrested, but were not brought to court.

Girls of this type when arrested, have their photographs and finger prints taken. In spite of that, some when arrested give different names and addresses.

Personalia

Passengers for Manila in yesterday's PAL airliner included: Mr. Y. Wong, Mr. K. Chiu, Mr. F. Ko, Mr. T. Lal, Mrs. M. Woon, Mr. K.L. Ting, Mr. T. Ch. Sy, Mr. A. Ng, Mr. K. So, Mr. T. Ly, Mr. K. Dy, Mr. L.G. Peralin, Mrs. M.P. Valdez.

Arrivals from Shanghai by PAL craft yesterday included:

Mr. V.O. Dos Remedios, Mr. H.M. Zee, Mr. J. Jacob, Mr. J. Barnett, Mr. N.P. Heylighway, Mr. R. Perkins, Mr. M. Ying, Mr. E. Stocker, Mr. G. Fuerst, Mrs. H. Fuerst, Mr. L. Pirolo, Miss P. Ting, Mr. J. Deschot.

Mr. J.E. Longford and Mr. T.C. Lump are among new residents of the Peninsula Hotel. Mr. C.A. Yolle and Mr. and Mrs. J.E. Nevin, Jr. have left the hotel.

Among passengers who left for Shanghai yesterday by the s.s. "Sikuking" were Mr. and Mrs. Stocke, Mrs. T. Brown, Mme. Brusset and Messrs. H.S. Wooley, C.P. Weldenather, C.I. Brisebeck, K. Ashdowne and Mr. Ankerson.

General Erskine has now re-assumed command of the Land Forces in the Colony and Brigadier F. H. C. Rogers, CBE, DSO, MC, who has been in command of Land Forces during General Erskine's absence, is returning to Singapore today on board the s.s. Finglong.

General Erskine has now re-assumed command of the Land Forces in the Colony and Brigadier F. H. C. Rogers, CBE, DSO, MC, who has been in command of Land Forces during General Erskine's absence, is returning to Singapore today on board the s.s. Finglong.

Brigadier G. I. V. Jones, CBE, has arrived in the Colony and assumed the appointment of Deputy to General Erskine and Garrison Commander, Kowloon.

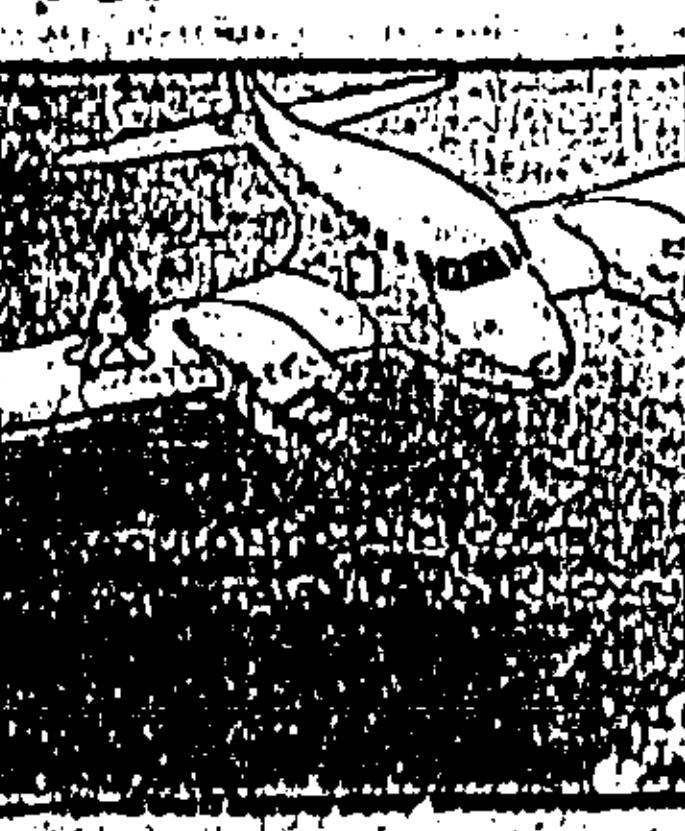
WOMEN AIR CUSTOMERS

More than 250 people made trips over the Colony and coast in Far East Flying Training School aircraft from Kai Tak last week. In aid of the Kwangtung Flood Fund, the Flying School flights were rated at \$20 a trip, with half the proceeds to go to the Fund. An official of the Company said yesterday that pilots were surprised to find that a large proportion of the passengers were elderly Chinese women.

He received two small rice balls each day. They were wrapped up in white paper and prisoners were required to make cups with the paper for drinking purposes. Omar said that he went without water for the first two or three days because he did not know how to make the cups.

Hearing will continue this morning.

POP



Court Orders Immediate Eviction

A strong objection to any extension being granted the tenants of 54 and 55 Haiphong Road, raised by Mr. George Fish of the Building Authority, resulted in Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr making an order for the premises to be evacuated immediately, after having tentatively agreed to defence solicitor's application for 14 days' stay of execution.

Mr. Fish, who was in Court in connection with another case, voiced his objection after Mr. Wm. C. Hung, solicitor for the landlord (the Procurator in Hong Kong for the Dominican Mission), and Mr. A.S.C. Comber, solicitor for the defendants, had agreed that the occupants of the ground floors, bookseller's store, should be permitted to remain on the premises for a fortnight.

Mr. Comber, who contested the summons at a previous hearing, stated yesterday that he was consenting to the order and asked His Worship to make an order for the removal of the ground floor tenants, the Wing Woo Store, within a certain time.

Having a large stock of books, said Mr. Comber, it would be extremely difficult for those people to evacuate immediately as it would be next to impossible to find alternative premises. They have nowhere to store their stock, went on Mr. Comber, who added that his clients were prepared to take the risk of the building collapsing on top of them.

"My clients," said Mr. Comber, "prefer death that way to death by starvation through being deprived of their means of livelihood."

Mr. Hung stated that, while he could give no definite undertaking, he was confident that his client would be prepared to agree to the necessary extension as the ground floors were not in a very dangerous condition. The tenants of the upper floors, he said, would have to remove as the Building Authority had instructed the landlord to effect certain repairs to the buildings.

It was at this stage that Mr. Fish rose to object to any extension being granted. The people, he said, had had several months to do what was required but had not complied with the requirements. The premises, he asserted, "are dan-

gerous, positively dangerous and must be demolished."

His Worship: "Demolished?"

"Yes. They are positively dangerous. I am in charge of that district and I have the authority of the Building Authority to come and say that the two houses must come down at once."

Mr. Hung informed the Court that his client had the plans all prepared and could carry out the work immediately, but the defendants refused to move.

His Worship ordered the immediate evacuation of the premises.

READERS' LETTERS

A Godsend

Sir.—If Mr. U. Tat Chee's scheme published in "The Sunday Herald" on the 6th instant is accomplished, it will be a godsend to many families, who are now most likely packed like sardines in some place or other. The payment by instalments should greatly assist the average worker and although in some cases it may take 10 years to pay off the full amount, undoubtedly in others it will take much less—depending on one's financial standing.

Another little Wong heard a shot and as he got up saw deceased running to his quarters. He then heard a second shot. Out in the yard he saw deceased's wife, struggling with the accused who had a rifle in his hand. On his approaching accused the latter threatened to shoot him.

Another watchman, Wong Po-wan, said that in spite of accused's threat to shoot him, went to assist deceased's wife. The gun was taken away from accused by a policeman.

Further hearing was adjourned until this morning.

TWO KINDS OF BUTTER

Mr. Hsu, a visiting Chinese millionaire, has been a bit of a problem to Sydney restaurateurs. A devout Buddhist, he can't eat meat, eggs, fat—or anything cooked in fat.

At one meal two waitresses and a cook tried to convince him that his vegetables were cooked in butter.

"Perhaps Hong Kong butter is different to Sydney butter," he said sceptically.

Mr. Hsu was taken to a Sydney nightspot. "This first-class place Sydney" he asked in a loud voice.

"Yes," said his embarrassed host.

"Fourth-class place Shang-hai" said Mr. Hsu.

Court Visits Scene Of Crime

Sir Henry Blackall, the Chief Justice, members of the Jury, counsel, Court interpreters and Police together with Mr. Nie Chun who is accused of the murder of a fellow watchman.

Mr. Tsan Sang visited the scene of the murder at the Standard Oil Company installations at Lai-chiklo yesterday morning.

Wu is alleged to have shot Ni as a result of a quarrel. He is defended by Mr. J.M. d'Almada Remedios while Mr. A.J. Chilliard is for the Crown.

Wong Yuen-cteung, a watch-

man, said that on the evening of May 3 he saw accused taking down a board on which a notice forbidding gambling had been posted, and threw it to the ground. The deceased came up shortly after.

A little later Wong heard a shot and as he got up saw deceased running to his quarters.

He then heard a second shot. Out in the yard he saw deceased's wife, struggling with the accused who had a rifle in his hand. On his approaching accused the latter threatened to shoot him.

Another watchman, Wong Po-wan, said that in spite of accused's threat to shoot him, went to assist deceased's wife. The gun was taken away from accused by a policeman.

Further hearing was adjourned until this morning.

WAR MEMORIAL FUND

Subscriptions received on July 9, 1947:

Nederlandse Handels-Maatschappij, N.V. \$2,000.00

Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger (Extreme Orient) S.A. 2,000.00

Mr. & Mrs. M. W. Lo 500.00

Mr. & Mrs. A. C. Ellis 100.00

Mr. & Mrs. A. C. Ellis (in memory of the late Mrs. E. Wild) 25.00

Mr. F. L. Davidson 100.00

Mr. Francis R.L. Carey 100.00

Mr. & Mrs. A. T. Tuskia 50.00

Mr. Foo Ping-kwan 25.00

The Chinese Staff of Supreme Court: Ng Chak Wing \$20, Wong Hong Kwok \$20, Pau Shiu Chong \$20, Tain Tat Hung \$20, Chan Kwock Ying \$20, Wong Tai \$20, Chan Fui Him \$20, Ng Sik Hin \$5, Chong Chung Hlong \$5, Pun Shing Fat \$5, Ip Kee \$5, Leo

NEW AUSTERITY PROGRAMME

Britain's Latest Cuts May Yet Be Heavier

Sharp Criticism By Mr. Eden

London, July 8.

Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, frankly warned the House of Commons today that Britain's drastic shortage of dollars might give her no other alternative but to slash her imports to 25 per cent below the level now contemplated in the new austerity import programme.

"The Government is quite clear, having given deep and prolonged thought to this matter, that they should not impose cuts of a scale which would require a drastic adjustment of our standard of living until it is perfectly clear and certain that this is the only course," he declared.

But he made it clear that "we cannot indefinitely go on importing what we cannot pay for." If Britain was forced to "a tragically bad day" for Europe and for the world's hopes of prosperity.

Mr. Morrison was speaking in a debate initiated by Mr. Anthony Eden, acting leader of the Opposition, and former Foreign Secretary, on the British import programme for the year 1947-1948.

Everything hinged on production, Mr. Morrison declared, "Not only Britain but the world must produce or perish."

"If the producers of the world do not expand their production, Britain would have to consume very much less if she did not produce very substantially more."

Coal Vital

Referring to the vital factor of coal production, Mr. Eden said that one thing the nation would never forgive was another fuel crisis in the coming winter, and exports could not be increased on the present coal target estimate of 200,000,000 tons.

Mr. Eden criticised the proposed cut in the import of newsprint as being not only a negligible saving but an almost impossible task to give the fullest information about the urgent problems now facing the country. -- Reuter.

Nothing Left

Mr. Anthony Eden, opening the debate, warned that the United States and Canadian loans will

ILLEGAL ENTRY

Manila, July 9.

The Chinese Minister to the Philippines, Chen Chih-ping, conferred with President Manuel Roxas yesterday on the question of illegal entry of Chinese citizens into the Philippines.

The Chinese Minister offered his help in remedying violations of immigration rules. -- United Press.

run out by the end of the year and there will be nothing left for us except our gold reserve and free exchange."

He sharply criticized Dr. Dalton's proposed limitations of imports as inadequate:

"If we were to try now and live on the result of what we export I calculate we would have to... eliminate all tobacco, all petroleum products, all newsprint, all consumer foods, and at least half our food imports," he said.

He warned that the Marshall Plan was no cure-all for Britain's ills.

"Our concern at this moment should be with our own activities, our own responsibilities and what we are going to do to help ourselves."

"If this Marshall offer should encourage continuation of our present wholly artificial basis for returning to face facts, then the breathing space it may give us will prove to be rather less than a blessing."

Mr. Eden said the purpose of the debate was to clarify certain Government statements, particularly discrepancies between the statements last week of Dr. Dalton and the Food Minister, John Strachey.

No Resemblance

He said the statements "bore no resemblance to each other" in that Dr. Dalton stressed the critical import situation and Mr. Strachey said total imports were assured.

Mr. Eden said Dr. Dalton's figures showed a deficit of between £350,000,000 and £400,000,000 in imports as compared to exports and said, "This deficit is a very serious figure."

"In the Chancellor's own statement, he admits Government's previous export estimate of a 40 per cent increase over the 1939 volume cannot be reached until the middle of 1948... while our total adverse balance of payment is admitted serious enough—the problem of hard currency, in particular dollars, is even more grave. This will be no less true if sterling becomes freely available on the current account after July 15... the most recent figures Government issued show our total adverse payment balance running at a rate like £700,000,000 a year. The rate of drawing on American and Canadian credit lines appears running recently at about £900,000 a year. At that rate, the Canadian and United States credits seem unlikely to last much beyond the end of this year."

Mr. Eden said there was an additional deficit of about £100,000,000 in an "invisible account" which "includes our expenditure in Germany, mostly in dollars."

Coal Target

Sterling licenses added to invisible account debits, he said.

He urged a Government accounting of these expenditures. He questioned the Government export programme in view of the "declining sellers market" and increasing competition abroad "in practically every kind of goods."

"Some countries recently announced their intention of placing an embargo for the time being on a number of articles such as textiles and motor cars," he said.

Mr. Eden challenged the Government's coal target of 200,000,000 tons this year as too low to assure increased exports.

He emphasized that only five per cent of dollar expenditures last year were for machinery.

He said seven per cent went for films and 32 per cent for tobacco and added, "That is not what this House had in mind when it voted for the loan."

He said Government's policy on purchases had been "one of dismal expediency rather than of comprehensive and realistic planning." -- United Press.

Sentence Reduced In Hawker Case

The sentence of three months' hard labour passed on Lee Yuet, 19-year-old hawker, by Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon on June 26 for the illegal transportation of vegetables was yesterday reduced to two months after review of the case.

Mr. A. S. C. Comber, for Lee, applied for the review on the ground that, as defendant was in a position to pay the fine of \$300, the alternative was too excessive. He referred His Worship Magistrate (Kowloon) where the accused was discharged with a caution.

Continuing, Mr. Comber declared that Lee had on numerous occasions purchased vegetables from the Kowloon Government Wholesale Market, and that it was only due to Lee's employer being short of ready cash that he was forced to obtain his goods from Hong Kong dealers on a credit basis.

Appellant, said Mr. Comber, was the sole supporter of his 75-year-old mother and two younger sisters, aged 17 and 13 years respectively. His wage was only \$30 per month with full board.

Replying for the prosecution, Mr. Pereira of the Government Market declared that Lee's case was entirely different from that of the one before Mr. Latimer. In the latter, the Asia Co. had the vegetables brought over to Kowloon to supply to the Naval Dockyards and hospitals. Appellant and his employer transported the vegetables to Shamshui Po with the sole purpose of supplying the black market there.

The Shamshui Po district, went on Mr. Pereira, is well-known for black markets, and the Government Market was having considerable trouble there. As to the question of shortage of ready cash, said Mr. Pereira, that was only an excuse as melons (the load carried by defendant) were very cheap and the whole cargo of 900 carties was worth only \$20.

In reply to His Worship, Mr. Pereira said that he was not opposing reduction of the sentence in the present case but would ask His Worship to issue a general warning to Shamshui Po dealers, many of whom were spectators in Court.

His Worship warned that it is quite illegal to bring vegetables from Hong Kong to Kowloon without the permission of the Kowloon Vegetables Wholesale Market. The object of the signal is to permit Masters of vessels who require the services of a Revenue Officer to deal with unmanifested cargo, narcotics, or cases of smuggling of dutiable commodities, to obtain the assistance of a Revenue Officer at short notice.

"Test Case" By Health Department

Lovers of sherbet ("bing") will soon be deprived of their favourite chilled preparation as, according to Health Inspector Chan Man-yuk, the Health Department is launching an all-out drive against the sale of this summer delicacy.

In what was later described as a test case before Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday, Leung Kam-tong, the licensee of the Prince Restaurant of 104 Prince Edward Road, was fined \$100 for offering for sale, on June 10, red bean ice cream (known as "hung tau bing" in the vernacular) without a permit from the Health Department.

Health Inspector Chan informed His Worship that defendant had been warned several times against the sale of that concoction which, due to the use of raw ice, constituted a great danger to public health. Intestinal diseases were, in pre-war days, found to have been caused by the consumption of such sherbets, and the Health Department took a serious view of the case.

In this instance, continued Inspector Chan, he would ask His Worship to impose a nominal fine or administer a caution as the summons was taken out more with the view to publicity than to penalise the defendant. The business of the restaurant was conducted in a very satisfactory manner.

His Worship: "What do you mean by a satisfactory manner? Do you mean that he was selling the red bean ice cream in a satisfactory manner?"

Inspector Chan: "No, Your worship. The business on the whole has been conducted in a satisfactory manner. This is defendant's first offence."

Kowloon Dock Launch Stopped

When the coxswain of a Kowloon Dock launch went ashore and instructed his assistant to take the vessel back to the Dock on Tuesday, he did not figure on the Water Police on harbour patrol checking up on whether craft under way had certified men in charge.

The result was the appearance yesterday of the assistant coxswain before Marine Magistrate Garland who imposed a fine of \$100 or one month hard labour.

For taking in tow more than one lighter of over 1,500 piculs at a time through the Yaumati Typhoon Shelter, contrary to regulations, a steam-launch coxswain was fined \$50 or 14 days' hard labour.

A plea by a junkmaster that his craft was a diesel-engined junk and normally allowed to carry up to 12 passengers, was not accepted by the Magistrate, before whom he was charged with having on board 12 passengers in addition to a crew of seventeen. A fine of \$150 or one month hard labour was imposed.

The master of a small passenger boat, charged with failing to display regulation lights, was let off with a caution when he pleaded that a sudden gust of wind blew out his oil lamp.

Sacks Of Tobacco Seized

REVITALISE GLANDS

to

REJUVENATE BODY

ENJOY LIFE TO ITS FULLEST

by taking the rejuvenating Hormone preparations of THE BRITISH GLANDULAR PRODUCTS LTD., LONDON (The original Gland Firm established 1929)



TABLE OF RECOMMENDED PRODUCTS FOR MALE SEX.

NAMES

TESTRONES \$10.00 per bottle.

VIRULES \$14.00 per bottle.

SP. H.P. BRAND TABLETS \$10.00 per bottle.

PROSTALIN \$6.80 per bottle.

OVERONES \$10.00 per bottle.

MIRACLE HORMONE CREAM \$16.00 per jar.

SKIN TONIC \$11.10 per bottle.

Available at all leading drug stores

Sole Distributors

CHANNEL TRADING CO., LTD.

Asia Life Bldg., Hong Kong, 2nd floor. Tel. 32423-32424

and at Macau

AGENCIA CONTINENTAL

12, Avenida Almeida Reisiro. Tel. 751

SHERMAN AND COMPANY

IS HERE TO STAY

ADVERTISING AND PUBLICITY
FOR YOU

CONSULT US FIRST FOR

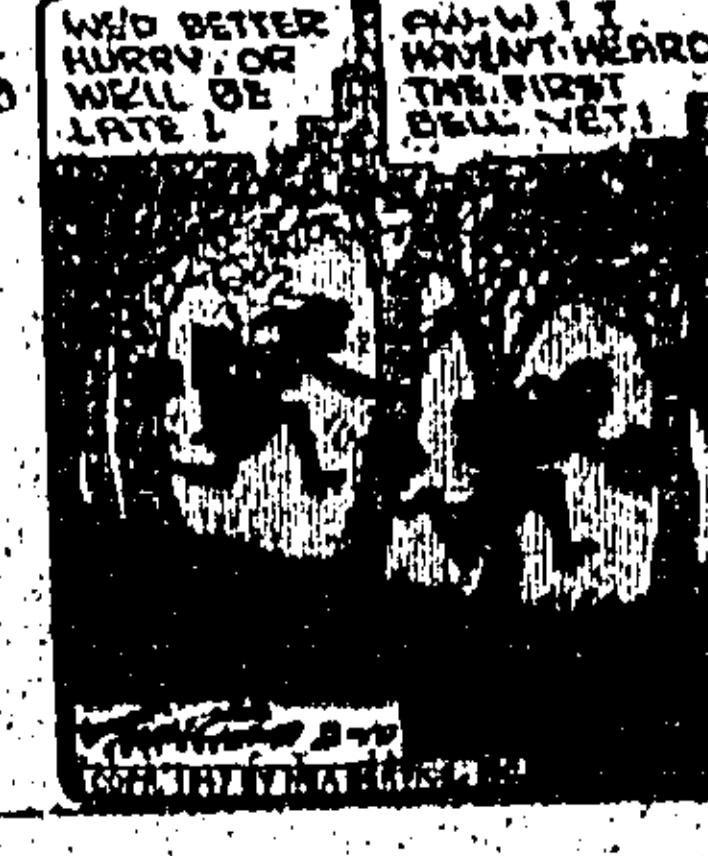
GUARANTEED RESULTS

ROOM 210 ST. FRANCIS HOTEL.

BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES

Here's Pug Again

BY EDGAR MARTIN



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

20 WORDS \$2 FOR ONE
INSERTION PREPAID, \$1
FOR EACH ADDITIONAL
INSERTION. ADDITIONAL
WORDS 10 CTS. PER WORD
PER INSERTION.

\$2

Replies are awaiting at our
offices for Box Nos. 240, 256, 260,
273, 274, 279, 283, 293, 298,
299, 308.

TO LET

TO transients only: large airy
rooms with bath. No. 21 Hankow
Road, Kowloon. Near the Ferry.

FOR SALE

UNDERWOOD PORTABLE:
\$150 Remington Portable—\$175;
Office Typewriter—\$75; Phon.
57087 for appointment or com-
280, top. Prince Edward. (7-8:30
p.m.)

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors
and Appraisers.
Podder Building.

Telephone No. 20224.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on

Friday, the 11th July 1947,
commencing at 2.30 P.M.

at their Sales Rooms No. 35
Hawker Road Kowloon.

A FINE COLLECTION OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE
comprising:-

Carved Camphorwood Chests,
Carved Teak Opium Stools,
Blankets, Mosquito Nets, Electric Oscillating Table Fans,
Lawn Mower, Bird Cage, Ward
robes with Mirrors, Dressing
Tables with Stools, Bed Side
Cabinets, Double & Single
Bedsteads with Box-
spring Mattresses, Chester-
field Suites, Writing
Tables, Silver Cabinets, Extension
Dining Tables, Chairs,
Sideboards, Small Side Tables,
Set of Ten Boys Show Case,
Low Boy, Typist Tables,
Kitchen Cupboards, Folding
Armchairs, Single Divans and
Rugs, Etc., Etc.

Also—
1 Calculating Machine
1 Remington Typewriter, 18"
1 Phillips Radio Set 7 Tubes—
All Wave
1 Moffat Electric Stove
3 Indian Carpets
1 Dressing Set in Case
1 Large Westinghouse Refri-
gerator

On View from Thursday, the
10th July 1947.

Terms: As Customary

LAMMERT BROS.
Auctioneers.

**THE HONG KONG
JOCKEY CLUB**

On Monday 7th instant the
Stables and Veterinary Surveyor's telephone number will be
changed to 31101.

S. A. SLEAP,
Actg. Secretary.

Service Auction Rooms

Actioneers, Surveyors, etc.
Basement, French Bank Bldg.
A.E.B. de Sousa, Auctioneer.
Telephone 31807.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

It is hereby notified that the following Sale of Crown Land by
Public Auction will be held at the Offices of the Public Works
Department on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1947, at 3 p.m.

Sale Conditions may be obtained and sale plan inspected at
the Office of the Superintendent of Crown Lands and Surveys,
Lower Albert Road, Hong Kong.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Location	Boundaries	Area in sq. ft.	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	Inland Lot No. 0305	Yik Yam Street, Wong Nai Chung	As per sale plan (Area coloured red)	2,600 (about)	\$120	\$18,000

Immediately after the fall of the hammer, the purchaser shall
according to the Conditions of Sale pay to the Auctioneer a sum
of \$2,000.00 in cash or by cheque which shall be certified by the
Bank on which it is drawn. The Bank must be a member of the
Exchange Banks Association.

V. KENNIFF,
Director of Public Works.

Hong Kong, 4th July, 1947.

H. Q. LAND FORCES. NOTICE TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF MILITARY LABOUR.

Tenders are invited for the supply of labour to military units and installations in Hong Kong and Kowloon (including the Shamshui Po area) and the New Territories for the period 1st August 1947 to 31st January 1948 to the following estimated daily requirements:—

Coolie foreman and

No. 1 coolies — 40
Coolies (Heavy weight) — 150
Coolies (Light weight) — 500
Coolies (Female) — 200

Tender forms may be obtained on application from "Q" Branch H.Q., Land Forces.

These forms should be completed in duplicate and forwarded under sealed cover, clearly marked "Tender for the supply of military labour" to reach H.Q., Land Forces not later than noon on FRIDAY, 18 July 1947.

Separate tenders may be accepted for the supply of labour in Hong Kong or Kowloon and the New Territories only.

This H.Q. does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Friday, the 11th July 1947,
commencing at 2.30 P.M.

at their Sales Rooms No. 35
Hawker Road Kowloon.

A FINE COLLECTION OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE

comprising:-

Carved Camphorwood Chests,
Carved Teak Opium Stools,
Blankets, Mosquito Nets, Electric Oscillating Table Fans,
Lawn Mower, Bird Cage, Ward
robes with Mirrors, Dressing
Tables with Stools, Bed Side
Cabinets, Double & Single
Bedsteads with Box-
spring Mattresses, Chester-
field Suites, Writing
Tables, Silver Cabinets, Extension
Dining Tables, Chairs,
Sideboards, Small Side Tables,
Set of Ten Boys Show Case,
Low Boy, Typist Tables,
Kitchen Cupboards, Folding
Armchairs, Single Divans and
Rugs, Etc., Etc.

Also—
1 Calculating Machine
1 Remington Typewriter, 18"
1 Phillips Radio Set 7 Tubes—
All Wave
1 Moffat Electric Stove
3 Indian Carpets
1 Dressing Set in Case
1 Large Westinghouse Refri-
gerator

On View from Thursday, the
10th July 1947.

Terms: As Customary

LAMMERT BROS.
Auctioneers.

THE HONGKONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Hong Kong Hotel, Hong Kong, on Friday 11th July 1947, at 12 noon for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the period—1st September 1945 to 31st March 1947, and for the election of Directors and the appointment of Auditors.

The Register and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 28th June to the 11th July 1947, both days inclusive.

NOTICE is also given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 24th July 1947, to the 7th August 1947, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

CHAS. E. TERRY,
Manager and Secretary.

Hong Kong, 10th July, 1947.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the same place and on the same day at 12.30 p.m. or so soon afterwards as the Ordinary General Meeting shall be concluded, when the subjoined Resolutions will be submitted:—

(1) That Article 88 of the Company's Articles of Association be altered by striking out the words "the Secretary and" in the eighth line thereof.

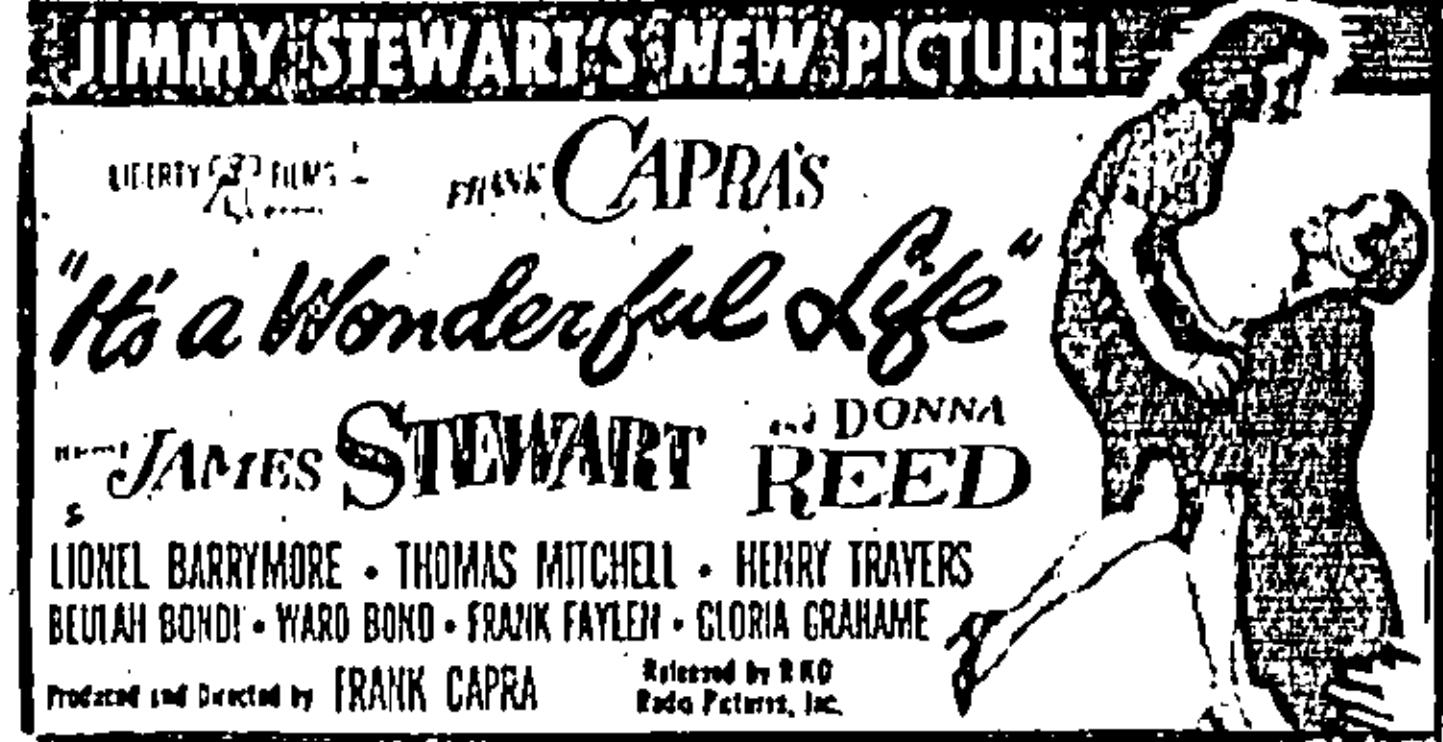
(2) That the foregoing resolution shall be retrospective and shall take effect from the 1st day of April, 1947.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON.

General Managers.

HONG KONG, 14th June 1947.

John D. Humphreys & Son
1947.

TO-DAY ONLY **QUEEN'S** AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.BY POPULAR DEMAND
CARY GRANT • INGRID BERGMAN
in ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S**"NOTORIOUS"**
AN RKO RADIO PICTUREOPENING TO-MORROW
THE YEAR'S MOST WONDERFUL PICTURE!TO-DAY ONLY **WILKES** AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.AIR-CONDITIONED
JOAN BLONDELL • JOHN WAYNE**"LADY FOR A NIGHT"**
A REPUBLIC PICTURETODAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
Cathay THE MOST RECKLESS RENEGADES WHO EVER RODE!**"The DALTONS RIDE AGAIN"**
Starring Alan CURTIS Lon CHANEY Kent TAYLOR
A Universal PictureTO-MORROW
Bob HOPE • Jean CAULFIELD in**"MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRO"****ORIENTAL**SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
M-G-M's STAR-ROARIOUS COMEDY!....They scared the daylight out of a ghost! You'll scream....with laughter....at what happens in a haunted house!NEXT CHANGE
"THE RETURN OF MONTE CRISTO"**LIFE**
ISSUE OF JUNE 9, 1947NOW ON SALE
AT ALL**BOOK SELLERS**Should you have difficulty in
securing a copy - Telephone 32312THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE, LTD.
WINDSOR HOUSE

CABINET ADJUSTMENTS

Expected In London With India's Independence

Shantung Fighting Flares Up

Nanking, July 8. Heavy fighting has flared up in Shantung province as the Manchurian front reports a lull after the lift of the Seepungkai siege, according to Chinese reports reaching Nanking.

The Communist troops in Central Shantung, whose corridor to North Shantung was menaced by government gains along the Tsingtao-Tsinan railway (which bisects the province), are reported to have receded and attempted to move south. Strong Nationalist units are trying to halt the movement and heavy fighting is reported in the Mengyeng and Ishu mountain sectors.

The Communists are also reported to be striking out from Central Shantung toward Western Shantung, on the left flank of the Tsingtao-Tsinan railway, where they have attacked Yung-cheng and Hochih, 70 miles southwest of Tsinan.

Military observers believe that the Communist movement is designed to counter the government plans of "liquidating" the Shantung Communists while at the same time trying to drive the Red troops back to the north bank of the Sungari river in Manchuria. —United Press.

Britain's Opening For D.P.s

London, July 8. The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Geoffrey Fisher, and other leaders of the main Christian communities in Britain today appealed to clergymen to especially welcome the 5,000 displaced persons from Europe due to work in Britain. "We are well aware of the difficulties and the hardships they have suffered, and especially the pain they feel through the destruction of their homelands," a circular letter said. "We hope they will find peace and happiness in this country, and relief from the uncertainty and unhappiness which weigh so heavily on many hearts." —Reuter.

London, July 8. The Government, I understand, has yet to take a decision on the subject, but there are believed to be strong reasons for such a course. With the passage of the Independence Bill the political and constitutional aspects of settlement give way to practical problems of transfer. The Commonwealth Relations portfolio is already a big one. The actual transfer period—which Britain wants to be as short as possible—will add immeasurably to it.

During this period, it is indispensable that there should be a Minister responsible for agency functions. The task of handling the whole Commonwealth portfolio and simultaneously dealing with future India-Pakistan-British economic, trade and other relationships might well prove beyond the capacity of one man.

No name is yet mentioned in connection with the suggested new portfolio. It is known, of course, that with the transfer of power the office of the Secretary of State for India—held by Lord Listowel—comes automatically to an end. Whether the Government has him in mind in this new connection is, so far, undisclosed. —Reuter.

MAJESTIC
SHOWING TO-DAY
2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

THE GREEN YEARS IS A WONDERFUL MOTION PICTURE
Starring CHARLES COBURN
TOM BEVERLY BUM DRAKE-TYLER-CRONEY
GEADY COOPER • STOCKWELL RICHARD HAYDN

JANE

THERE'S ALREADY THE APACHE LIVING IN WAIT! ERIC WILL NEVER SEE ME—I MUST SAVE HIM IN SPITE OF HIMSELF...

An Assistant For Lord Addison

London, July 8. An additional Minister of State to form the link between India and Pakistan on the one hand and the Commonwealth Relations Office in London on the other may be appointed by the British Government after the enactment of the Indian Independence Bill, according to informed political quarters tonight.

While official sources will not comment upon the proposal, it is known that the Government must soon consider Cabinet adjustments arising from the transfer of power on August 15.

A major consideration which obviously requires thought is that at the age of 78, Lord Addison, Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations, has become the link between Britain and two more great dominions at a crucial moment in their self-determination.

Lord Addison is exceedingly vigorous and alert for his age, and he has been "sitting in" in Cabinet expert discussions on India for two years. But he is already the link between Britain on the one hand and Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa on the other, and he is also Leader for the Government in the House of Lords, which in itself is a demanding job.

In any case, Lord Addison is going to Australia in August to attend the Dominions Conference at Canberra on the Japanese peace treaty. The head of the Commonwealth Relations Office will, therefore, be absent during the most crucial stages of the transfer of power.

In these circumstances, political quarters think that the Government may solve the problem by creating a parallel to the Foreign Office situation, where Mr. Ernest Bevin has virtually a second Foreign Minister at his disposal in the Minister of State, Mr. Hector McNeil.

The War Minister has handed his resignation to the Shah, according to press reports to-night, which said that his action was caused by the decision to reimpose martial law.

—Reuter.

Martial Law In Teheran

Teheran, July 8. Martial law will be reimposed in Teheran from tomorrow because of "the continued threat to public security by the press," Ghavam es Sultaneh, Persian Prime Minister, announced today.

Since martial law was abolished in Teheran in the middle of June, violent attacks have been made in the Persian newspapers on the Prime Minister and his Cabinet.

The War Minister has handed his resignation to the Shah, according to press reports to-night, which said that his action was caused by the decision to reimpose martial law.

—Reuter.

VD NOW AN "EPIDEMIC" IN GERMANY

Berlin, July 7. The Four-Power Allied Control Council, alarmed at the spread of venereal disease—now "almost an epidemic in Germany" according to one American official—has ordered the adoption of sweeping and severe laws to check it.

The Military Governors ordered immediate legislation, accompanying it with a model draft law-imposing strict control measures and stiff penalties for violation.

The Council, admittedly "disturbed" at the high syphilis and gonorrhea rates, called for quick action by State Parliaments. In the American Zone, General Lucius D. Clay set the target date of September 1.

Some German authorities told Dr. Theodore Popovich, American consultant, that before the war venereal disease in Germany was "no problem at all." Medical schools had difficulty in finding cases for demonstration and specialists had almost disappeared, according to the doctors.

"Epidemic"

By May 1947, the American zone gonorrhea rate climbed to 56 per thousand, with syphilis at half that figure. Dr. Popovich termed these rates "almost an epidemic".

Similar rates prevail in other zones.

Dr. Popovich, former New York City health official, said that the spread of gonorrhea in the American zone had been checked somewhat but syphilis

was "showing a slight but steady increase".

"The draft law includes compulsory treatment and hospitalization provisions. It even bars "intimate intercourse" by "any person knowing or having grounds to believe he or she is infected with venereal disease in the infectious stage." —United Press.

Wolanpi Lighthouse

Kaohsiung, July 8. The reconstruction of the light house at Wolanpi, at the southern part of Taiwan (Formosa) will be completed within a week.

Wolanpi Light House was built in 1884 by a British engineer, employed by the Chinese Government. It was one of the biggest light house in the Far East and one of the brightest lights in the Pacific area.

The tower stood 51 feet above the sea level. With a light of 27,000 candle power, the tower gave a bright flash every five minutes which would be seen 20 miles away.

Wolanpi Light House was destroyed by Allied bombing during the war.

The builder of the new tower is engineer Ye Tai-tsun, attached to the Customs here. —Central News.

HENRY'S CAFE
(Formerly the famous "Allied Cafe" in Karachi, India)
6, CHUNGKING ARCADE, KOWLOON.
for
DRINKS, AFTERNOON TEA & SUPPER
ICE CREAM OUR SPECIALTY.
Good Service — Homely Atmosphere



Arctic Expedition

London, July 8. LED BY AN AUSTRALIAN, THE FIRST ARCTIC EXPEDITION SINCE THE WAR LEFT BRITAIN TODAY TO VISIT JAN MAYEN ISLAND, OFF THE EAST COAST OF GREENLAND, WHERE IT IS TO MAKE FILMS AND HOPES TO FIND THE SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS LEFT THERE TEN YEARS AGO.

Consisting of about a dozen explorers, including a film unit, none of whom has any previous Arctic experience, the expedition will study animal and plant life, meteorology and will look for the recording instruments left on the rim of the "Beerenberg," an 8,400 foot high extinct volcano, in 1938, to record the effects of cosmic rays.

Making their way by separate routes to Aalsund, where their ship the Polar Bear is waiting, the expedition hopes to climb the Hankon and Hakut peaks on the volcano, and to cross the ice-filled crater at the summit, which has never before been bridged.

A secondary object of the expedition, apart from making documentary films is to train the scientists of the party as future leaders of journeys to the Arctic.

The Australian leader is Mr. A. J. Marshall, of the Department of Zoology at Oxford University, and the expedition has been fitted out by the University Exploration Club. —Reuter.

Rebecca

Starring LAURENCE OLIVIER, JOAN FONTAINE
with GEORGE SANDERS, JUDITH ANDERSON
Directed by Alfred Hitchcock
From the best-selling novel by Daphne Du Maurier
Presented by David O. Selznick
Produced by David O. Selznick
A SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL PICTURE

OLYMPIA & CENTRAL

DAILY AT 2:30 5:30 7:30 & 9:30 P.M.

OPENING TO-DAY

THEIR NEWEST..AND SKI-REWIEST RIOTS!

A'Rockin' the Rockies With Mirth, Moids and Music
When these ski-chumps take the jumps
—it's an avalanche of roaring laughter!

BUD ABBOTT and LOU COSTELLO Hit the Ice

Starring GINNY SIMMS, ELYSE KNOX
JOHNNY LONG and His Orchestra
with HELEN YOUNG, GENE WILLIAMS, THE FOUR TEENS

50 SKATING BEAUTIES 50

Hear GINNY SIMMS Sing!
"I'm Like A Fish Out Of Water," "Happiness Bound,"
"Up Polka," "I'd Like To See You To Mose," "By Harry Kaye and Pauline Weider

WHITE ANT EXTERMINATORS

Phone 30123 for INSPECTION—ESTIMATES—FREE

Satisfaction guaranteed—or Money refunded.

THOMAS COWAN & CO. (CHINA)

WHITE ANT EXTERMINATORS

Phone 30123 for INSPECTION—ESTIMATES—FREE

Satisfaction guaranteed—or Money refunded.



NEXT FLIGHT:

HONG KONG TO MANILA Friday, 11th July
 HONG KONG TO BANGKOK Saturday, 12th July
 HONG KONG TO MANILA Tuesday, 15th July
 HONG KONG TO BANGKOK Wednesday, 16th July

For Passage and Freight apply to:

SOUTH EAST ASIA TRADING CO. (SIAM) Ltd.
69, Connaught Road West. Tel. 24292.or FAR EAST AVIATION CO., LTD.
Top Floor, National City Bank of N.Y. Bldg. Tel. 27250.
(Entrance on Duddell Street).

CENTRAL AIR TRANSPORT CORP.



SERVICE FOR PASSENGER & FREIGHT

NEW TARIFF FROM DATE

HONGKONG	TO	(FARE)
AMOY	Tues., Thurs., & Sat.	HK\$180.
CHUNGKING	Sun.	250.
KUNMING	Tues., & Thurs.	350.
LIUCHOW	Tues., & Thurs.	180.
SHANGHAI	Tues., Thurs., & Sat.	300.
ALL VIA CANTON		35.

Special low rate for Baggage & Freight

OFFICES:-

HONGKONG
Shell House
Tels:—23278-27811
27855

KOWLOON
Peninsula Hotel
Lobby
Tel. 58948



FOUR ENGINED SKYMASTER SERVICES

FLYING TIME 4½ HOURS
Direct Flight to Pacific Coast

SHANGHAI	HK\$ 380	TUE. 15th JULY
MANILA	HK\$ 380	FRI. 18th JULY
HONOLULU	HK\$ 2160	SAT. 12th JULY
SAN FRANCISCO	HK\$ 3000	WED. 16th JULY

DIRECT TRANS PACIFIC FLIGHTS FROM
HONG KONG
ON WEDNESDAYS & SATURDAYS

MAIN BOOKING OFFICE
PENINSULA HOTEL LOBBY Tel: 58830 & 58801-Ex. 22
HONG KONG OFFICE
THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.
Pedder Street
Telephone 22675, Chinese Dept. 23738

When you want a **PERFECT CAMERA**,
You will find it in our stock.
If you want to get **ULTRA-FINE-GRAN**
DEVELOPING & PRINTING,
Sent your FILMS to us.

"VICTOR STUDIO"

HONG KONG:
7C, Des Voeux Road, C.
(Opp. Cafe Wiesman)
KOWLOON:
192, Nathan Road,
(Corner of Austin Road)

THE CHINA MAIL, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1947.

The Modern Miss May Be Model For Europe

By Margaret Bradbury

When fair-haired, kind-eyed
Editors 24364
Reporters & General Office 32312
(four lines)
Subscription Rates:
3 months H.K.\$18.00
6 months H.K.\$36.00
One year H.K.\$72.00

DEATH

GAAN—At St. Theresa's Hospital yesterday afternoon, Francis Leonard Giani, aged three years. Funeral will pass the Monument to-day at 5.30 p.m.

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

Not the least important consequence of six years of concentrated war effort is that the universities are coping today with the largest undergraduate population in their history. The worst effects of the congestion, due to an unprecedented demand for admission on the part of students whose higher education has been interrupted or deterred because of the war, in circumstances that render any appropriate enlargements of accommodation and staff out of the question, will abate, no doubt, in course of time; but it is manifest from the trend and purpose of official educational policy that the universities will be open, in future, to an increasing proportion of young people leaving school, among whom the study of the physical and mechanical sciences will be increasingly encouraged.

Here is nothing less than a social development that must have sharp effects upon science and industry, and ultimately upon the country as a whole. It becomes of great importance, therefore, to consider how the potential benefits of university education "can be realised to the fullest possible extent, and how far clear foresight to that end can be translated into purposeful direction by those on whom rests the immediate responsibility for a truly successful outcome.

Among the latter, the student himself is the person most intimately concerned, and the most influential factor, in his own university career. Varied and valuable opportunities are open to him like "a dome of many-coloured glass," but to take full advantage of them calls for an effort of will as well as of mind and body; and calls, also, for appreciation based on knowledge of what those opportunities are. The very fact that the undergraduate of the future will be recruited more and more from families of moderate income, with whom there may be no tradition of public school and university as a matter of course, implies a neutral and unprejudiced background that is not without advantages so long as it is filled in with the right motives, but can be disastrous otherwise.

Apart from the occasional wastrel, who is unworthy of consideration, the candidate for admission to a university is faced, briefly, with the alternatives of education for a good life or training for a specific job. Simple and fundamental as these alternatives may appear to be, the choice is not an easy one, especially for the financially poorer class of student who has been led to believe that his success in life stands or falls on his gaining a good degree in three years' time. This type of man, potentially able and commonly endowed with more than average capacity for hard work, needs to be convinced that a university is more than a collection of lecture rooms and laboratories, just as much as his heartier colleague that its boundaries are wider than those of its playing fields. The one essential function of a university is the pursuit of learning, and if a practical end must be assigned to the education it offers to students, it is difficult to improve on Newman's belief that this purpose, consists in training good members of society, having clear, conscious views of their own opinions and judgment, able to distinguish the sophisticated from the irrelevant, and prepared to fill any post with credit. If the undergraduate student is to gain as much as possible from his association with the mature and cultivated intellectual life of the senior members of his university, he must deliberately seek culture as well as knowledge, and contribute positively to the purpose of the university by developing in himself, first, the aptitude for acquiring education and continuing to acquire it, and, later, canons

plained how the Centre was first developed and began gradually to prosper in the Colony.

When the Hong Kong Relief Department began work in the autumn of 1946, it requisitioned the old City Hall for some of its activities. On the first floor of the building a workroom was opened where about 50 destitute women and girls who had a little knowledge of sewing or machine work, were given employment as a relief measure. Most of the girls, all Chinese, were young war widows, some of them having three or four children or elderly parents to support.

From the Colonial Office in London the other day came a letter asking Miss Carter for details and methods of her scheme. The report which was sent back will be handed to an Allied Control official who will shortly leave England to take over the supervision of all German co-operative societies and would be similar organisations in that country. This official is likely to adapt Miss Carter's method as part of the rehabilitation programme in Germany.

Large Output

As head of the Modern Miss Needlefibre Centre, which has its workrooms in the Old City Hall, Miss Carter is kept pretty busy organising and arranging the large sewing output turned over by her 35 Chinese women workers. When I called at the workrooms yesterday afternoon the pleasant hum of sewing machines kept up a steady rhythm while Miss Carter ex-

plained how the Centre was first developed and began gradually to prosper in the Colony.

When the Hong Kong Relief Department began work in the autumn of 1946, it requisitioned the old City Hall for some of its activities. On the first floor of the building a workroom was opened where about 50 destitute women and girls who had a little knowledge of sewing or machine work, were given employment as a relief measure. Most of the girls, all Chinese, were young war widows, some of them having three or four children or elderly parents to support.

At that time, said Miss Carter, the most pressing need for all was clothing, and the Custodian was approached for the use of a number of sewing machines and for bolts of flannelette. Many hundreds of garments—mass production—began to be made for various institutions, orphanages, hospitals in the Colony. Three thousand hospital suits were made for the Hainan refugees alone.

Fixing prices for work in general was not an easy business at first. An additional difficulty was the fact that the Chinese worker's output is never more than about one third of that of her opposite number in Europe. Yet in spite of difficulties and the fact that we paid Government rates to the girls, we have always run this work at a profit and the undertaking has proved to be financially sound."

Miss Carter pointed out that every business expects to have a certain amount of capital available to enable it to carry it out. "We have none, however," she said. "Fortunately we were able to show a profit each month and this enabled us to purchase all the sewing machines and office furniture that we had on loan from the Custodian of Property. The present position is that all accounts have been met, there is a balance to our credit, and a special fund so that the girls will be able to enjoy one week's holiday this year on full pay."

Miss Carter then decided to carry on her own lines and Govt. allowed her the use of the premises rent free on the understanding that if the scheme were to be carried out it must pay its own way.

Said Miss Carter: "This is an opportunity that could not be allowed to be lost. For a long time I had wanted to create something that would be a permanent benefit to the working class women of China. My intention was to develop it in such a way that it should eventually become a Chinese co-operative society."

Work Divided

The workers were divided into those who had some schooling in a convent and had learnt

of taste and criticism that will enable him to serve society with distinction. Superficially, this conception of university education seems more appropriate to the spacious days of a century ago than to the present age of intensive specialisation, and more readily accepted by students of the arts than by those of the sciences. For these very reasons, the technically poorer class of student who has been led to believe that his success in life stands or falls on his gaining a good degree in three years' time. This type of man, potentially able and commonly endowed with more than average capacity for hard work, needs to be convinced that a university is more than a collection of lecture rooms and laboratories, just as much as his heartier colleague that its boundaries are wider than those of its playing fields. The one essential function of a university is the pursuit of learning, and if a practical end must be assigned to the education it offers to students, it is difficult to improve on Newman's belief that this purpose, consists in training good members of society, having clear, conscious views of their own opinions and judgment, able to distinguish the sophisticated from the irrelevant, and prepared to fill any post with credit. If the undergraduate student is to gain as much as possible from his association with the mature and cultivated intellectual life of the senior members of his university, he must deliberately seek culture as well as knowledge, and contribute positively to the purpose of the university by developing in himself, first, the aptitude for acquiring education and continuing to acquire it, and, later, canons

the worst Russian diplomatic blunder since the end of the war. It made only too clear the Russian position in the UNO, where many important decisions have been so effectively blocked by the Soviets that Britain already has questioned the effectiveness of the world organisation.

The choice was not their own, but that of the Russians, who refused continental economic co-operation because, they said, it threatened the sovereignty of the small European nations.

There has been no effort to minimise the results of the Anglo-Soviet-French Foreign Ministers Conference. It ended in bitterness. The Russians said, without contradiction, that Europe would be divided.

Since the war international conferences have ended mostly in failure to agree. The Paris Meeting ended in out-spoken conflict, with Soviet Foreign Commissar V. M. Molotov growling threatening words.

Running A Risk

Unquestionably, Russia ran a risk when Molotov turned down the proposal of the United States Secretary of State George Marshall for the economic reconstruction of Europe. If it works elsewhere Russian influence and prestige will suffer in those States that tarry behind with the Soviets.

Molotov's warning to British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin and French Minister Georges Bidault that the project means the November meeting, depend on division of Europe and would lead to "no good results" was interpreted in European capitals and in Washington to mean that the Soviets would fight it.

In the view of Western observers, the Paris Conference was not a failure. It produced an unmistakable ultimatum to the Russians: that Russia cannot continue to delay world progress by an uncompromising stand and a suspicious approach to every Western suggestion.

Molotov's veto of the Marshall plan, they said, was perhaps

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"How can ya read that silly trash? They always catch the murderer in those whodunits!"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay
"The Authority on Authoritics"

OUT-THINKING YOURSELF

DID YOU ever do too much thinking in a crucial spot? Did you ever sit at once just what was the correct thing to do, then, after a bit of reflection, decide on some other move which turns out to be costly? Who hasn't? Sometimes the more or less obvious action will pay you dividends, whereas the carefully figured out maneuver is just about the worst course you could take.

S K Q 8 6 4 2
H 7 4
D Q J
C 9 7 4

S A 10 9
H A J 8 6
8
D A 7 5
C 6 2

S 7 5 3
H Q 10 2
D K 10 9 8
C A K Q

(Dealer: South. Neither side vulnerable.)

South West North East
1 C 1 H 1 S Pass
INT Pass 2 S Pass

S 10 5 4 2
H 9 7 5
D J 9
C 8 6 3 2

N S A K Q 7 3
H A Q J 10
W E 6 3
D 7 4
C None

S 1 8 6
H K
D A K 6
C A K Q J 10 4

(Dealer: East. Neither side vulnerable.)

If you wanted to make a desperate "shot" for a big score, what would you bid in the South over East's 1-Heart?

Patching Up Europe's Economy

Paris, July 8. Two years of dismal peace have induced Britain and France to try now to patch up Europe's tattered economy without the Soviet Union.

The choice was not their own, but that of the Russians, who refused continental economic co-operation because, they said, it threatened the sovereignty of the small European nations.

There has been no effort to minimise the results of the Anglo-Soviet-French Foreign Ministers Conference. It ended in bitterness. The Russians said, without contradiction, that Europe would be divided.

Well-informed advisers in London expressed a belief that the Paris Meeting ended in out-spoken conflict, with Soviet Foreign Commissar V. M. Molotov growling threatening words.

Opposing Views

Authoritative sources, French and British, took opposing views, in the light of the Paris breakdown, on the chances of an agreement when the conference of four Foreign Ministers meets again in London in November to write the German and Austrian peace treaties.

Well-informed advisers in London expressed a belief that a successful launching of the Marshall project for rebuilding Europe's war-shattered economy could increase rather than reduce the prospects of a London settlement. The French were not so optimistic. French quarters said prospects for the November meeting depend on what happens at the UNO General Assembly meeting in September—the next major meeting between Russia and the West.

What will happen in New York?

French officials do not know and decline to speculate.

An authoritative British informant saw two possible consequences of the Paris conference: that the initiation of the Marshall project under Anglo-French leadership could result in what they called "the economic and political isolation" of Russia and the "Russian orbit states." The stronger possibility is that Russia cannot continue to delay world progress by an uncompromising stand and a suspicious approach to every Western suggestion.

"Last year, grain-importing nations of the world asked for

10 million tons of grain more than could be supplied," he said. "This coming crop year, that is, from June 30 last until next July, the situation will be even more desperate. This conference will force nations who are members of the IEFC and FAO to look ahead and to plan their grain collection programmes and their bread programmes on the basis of what supplies will be available."

"We are not trying to force standardization of the bread ration in various importing countries or anything like that. We hope to lay facts and figures on the table and to suggest overall government food policies consistent with predicted supplies."—United Press.

REPATRIATES

The Hague, July 8. The first batch of 60 Germans to be repatriated by the Dutch under their deportation scheme crossed the frontier today, escorted by the State police. They were taken over by the Allied authorities and removed to Lüstringen camp, near Osnabrück-Reuter.

MARSHALL PLAN CONFERENCE

Twelve Nations Accept Anglo-French Invitation

United States To Be Represented

London, July 8.
Twelve of the 22 countries invited to Saturday's Paris talks on the Marshall plan for helping Europe have now said "yes."

Three more are expected to do so after tomorrow's meeting of the Danish, Norwegian and Swedish Foreign Ministers and Trade Ministers in Copenhagen.

Austria today unanimously decided to accept the invitation, a Vienna dispatch said. The Cabinet decided that Austria cannot afford to stand aloof from the European plan to be worked out in Paris, especially as no political conditions were attached and the proposed organisation would not interfere in the domestic affairs of countries accepting the invitation.

Dr. Adolf Shmerf, Austrian Vice-Chancellor, commented: "We hope that Austria can take part in the European plan. We hope by such participation not to run the risk of being drawn into the vortex of the conflicting views of the east and west but rather that Austria will have the possibility of taking her place as a small but free country in the community of free nations."

Switzerland's acceptance, decided on today, contains the proviso that the conference shall be purely economic and not political in character, it is not from Zurich.

The third acceptance today was by Iceland.

A resolution, saying that Hungary wants to take part in the Paris conference, unless political conditions are attached to the economic help offered, was passed unanimously at a meeting of deputies of the Smallholder party, largest in the Hungarian Parliament—according to a message from Budapest.

As Hungary, under the armistice terms, had no right to make economic and financial decisions without the permission of the Allied Control Council, the meeting proposed that the Council's opinion be sought before the Hungarian Government takes its decision.

Mr. William Clayton, United States Under-Secretary of

CLACTON TRAGEDY

Clacton, Essex, July 8. Police who broke into a house at Arundale Road, Clacton, this morning found a Royal Air Force man, Wing-Commander Cecil Leslie Gould (30), and his 13-year-old daughter, shot dead. His eight-year-old son, also shot, died later in hospital.

Only a few minutes earlier Gould's wife visited the police station, and police raced to the house to try to save three lives.—Reuter.

State, who arrived in Paris today, will present the Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall's aid plan to Europe to the Paris conference, opening on Saturday. It was learned in Washington today.

Poland's Decision

Poland's formal decision on the Anglo-French invitation to the Paris Conference on the Marshall plan for Europe will be taken tomorrow.

A Polish Foreign Office spokesman said tonight: "We have certain reserves with regard to the Anglo-French proposals which do not seem to give sufficient guarantees for an equal right of each invited country in the European organisation for just preferences in favour of the victims of German aggression."

"We hope that this organisation will be within the framework of the United Nations. On the other hand, we are keenly interested in all measures of economic reconstruction."—Reuter.

Empire Discussions On Pacific Peace

Melbourne, July 8. Commenting on next month's British Commonwealth Conference to discuss questions relating to the Japanese peace settlement, Dr. Evatt, the Minister of External Affairs, said today that the holding of the Canberra discussions was in accordance with long-established practice whereby countries of the British Commonwealth discussed, without commitment, matters subsequently to be discussed at an international conference.

He was apparently replying to criticism in some American newspapers that the Commonwealth Conference might precipitate a breach in American relations with the British Commonwealth.

The procedure, said Dr. Evatt, is well understood by all the nations concerned and have been frequently followed by other nations cooperating on the basis of regional or other special interests.

Dr. Evatt is establishing an advisory committee to examine questions related to the Japanese settlement under the chairmanship of Sir Frederic Egerton, former Australian Minister to China and the United States, who had been working on these questions with departmental officers, both abroad and in Canberra.—Reuter.

London, July 8. Lord Addison, the Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations, and Mr. Hector McNeil, Minister of State, will represent Britain at the Conference of representatives of the British

Commonwealth on the Japanese peace treaty which has now been fixed to open at Canberra, the Australian Commonwealth capital, on August 26, it was officially stated today.

The purpose of the conference is for an exchange of views between the nations of the British Commonwealth, prior to the Japanese peace treaty Conference of all the nations who were engaged in the war against Japan.—Reuter.

Gun Duel In Packed Motor Bus

New York, July 7. Passengers on a crowded bus in Times Square—the heart of New York—got more than they bargained for with their 5-cent fare when they witnessed a gun duel between a robber and a policeman inside the jampacked vehicle.

The bandit, who had just robbed a jewelry store, was killed and the policeman seriously wounded in the duel which within a few seconds attracted more than 10,000 lunch-hour pedestrians.

The bandit, Joseph Fernandez, robbed the store of more than \$10,000 worth of jewelry and jumped into the passing bus in the hope of escaping. Policeman Daniel Murphy, seeing the owner of the store and a crowd rush after the thief, also hopped aboard and the driver then closed the doors so the bandit could not escape.

While 40 frightened passengers ducked behind seats and crouched on the floor, Fernandez fired six shots, two of which struck Murphy in the chest and abdomen.

Taking careful aim while holding on to a seat before sagging to the floor, Murphy fired three shots, one of which struck Fernandez between the eyes, killing him instantly.

Thousands of spectators around the bus caused a traffic jam that prevented other police and an ambulance from reaching the bus. The driver finally drove to a police station where Murphy was rushed to a hospital. His condition is serious.—United Press.

Flood Threat In Indochina

Saigon, July 8. The Viet Nam authorities have denied the French allegation that they are cutting the dykes and breaching the canals in an effort to flood large areas of Tonkin (north Indochina), including Hanoi and Haiphong towns.

Stating that Dr. Ho Chi Minh, leader of the Viet Nam, has instructed all "soldiers and technicians to protect the dykes and dams", the Viet Nam radio, in a communiqué, stated last night:

"Whereas the Viet Nam people are doing everything to strengthen the river defences, the planes of the French Army are constantly bombing our men who are guarding them."—United Press.

Nazi Generals On Trial

Frankfurt, July 8. The trial of eleven former Nazi generals began in Nuremberg today. They are accused of war crimes against humanity, and all pleaded not guilty.

The defendants include Field Marshal Sigmund Wilhelm List, former Inspector-General of Reserves in the Germany Army.

With the exception of one charge relating to Norway, the men were all charged with life—of which they were sentenced at the International War Crimes trials last year.

The indictment declared that all the defendants ordered or took a consenting part in the murder of hundreds of thousands of civilians from all walks of life who, when German troops were attacked, were summarily executed without trial at a ratio of 50 to 100 for every German soldier killed.

After hearing the indictments and the pleas, the Court adjourned until July 15.

Meanwhile, reports from Berlin state that strictest security precautions are being applied to preserve secrecy about the transfer of Rudolf Hess, Karl Doenitz, and five other senior Nazis from Nuremberg gaol to the grim fortress-prison of Spandau, in the outskirts of Berlin.

It was reported today that all seven were loath to leave American custody in Nuremberg, where they received as much tobacco with cigarette papers as they could smoke, and

Soviets Reject UNO Findings

LAKE SUCCESS, JULY 8. THE SOVIET DELEGATE, M. GROMYKO, TOLD THE SECURITY COUNCIL TODAY THAT THE GREEK ACCUSATIONS AGAINST YUGOSLAVIA, ALBANIA AND BULGARIA OF ARMING AND TRAINING REFUGEES FROM GREECE WERE COMPLETELY WITHOUT PROOF AND UNFOUNDED.

The evidence was contradictory and not clear, he said, refuting the witnesses who had testified before the United Nations Balkan Commission.

M. Gromyko opposed the United States proposal that the Security Council should accept the Commission's findings and also to appoint a permanent Balkan border commission.

Speaking for the first time on the Greek question since the Balkan Commission reported that the majority of its members considered that Yugoslavia, Albania and Bulgaria aided the guerrillas in Greek frontier incidents, M. Gromyko said that the Greek accusations relating to the admission of refugees by their northern neighbours were unfounded.

M. Gromyko submitted a long resolution, finding that "the existing situation in Greece as well as its northern regions was to a considerable degree the consequence of foreign interference in the internal affairs of Greece".—Reuter.

U.S. Attitude

Lake Success, July 9. The United States served notice today that it would reject any compromise plans growing out of Russia's counter-proposal to the UNO on the Balkan disorders.

A spokesman said the American demands for a semi-permanent border commission to watch over Greece's frontiers with Albania, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria are not affected by the latest Russian arguments. He added that the Security Council eventually would force Russia to veto or abstain in view of her announced refusal to accept the American motion.—Associated Press.

Egypt's Complaint

WASHINGTON, JULY 8. EGYPT'S COMPLAINT AGAINST THE CONTINUED PRESENCE OF BRITISH FORCES IN EGYPT AND THE SUDAN WILL BE LODGED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL EARLY NEXT WEEK, IT WAS LEARNED AT THE EGYPTIAN EMBASSY HERE TODAY.

The Egyptian Ambassador was to leave Washington for New York tomorrow where he was to remain until the Security Council concludes its deliberations on the Egyptian complaint.

On arrival he was to make contact with United Nations officials to arrange for the formal delivery of the note embodying the Egyptian demand for the immediate evacuation of British troops.

This note was brought from Cairo last week by Abd El Kahrashy. The secretary will accompany the ambassador to New York.—Reuter.

GREEK AID AGREEMENT

Athens, July 8. The Greek-United States agreement for American aid to Greece was signed here today by the United States Ambassador and the Greek Premier.

The American Congress has authorised \$300,000,000 for Greek relief.

Under today's agreement aid supplies will be confined to food and medical supplies, clothing material, fertilisers, fuel and seeds.—Reuter.

much more food than they will get at Spandau.

In future they will be treated much more severely in accordance with German prison regulations.

The nine-month delay in their transfer is due to the long Allied debate about the exact terms of their confinement. The argument was recently settled with the four powers agreeing on a policy of solitary confinement in cells on either side of the narrow, oblong prison wing.

This wing has been isolated from the rest of the vast, gloomy gaol to prevent communication between them. There will be communal but silent labour duties, religious services and exercise.—Reuter.



BANGKOK

Departing 11th, 12th and 14th July ... Fare \$528

SINGAPORE

Departing 11th, 12th and 14th July ... Fare \$880

MANILA

Departing 12th and 14th July ... Fare \$380

RANGOON

Departing 12th July Fare \$695

Passenger & Freight Booking Agents
(P. J. LOBO & CO., LTD.)
4 Chater Road, Tel. 31162 & 31400
Kowloon Office: Tel. 56260

Tathay Pacific



SKYWAYS

LIMITED

ARE OPERATING FREQUENT FLIGHTS

HONGKONG — SINGAPORE

Direct in 7 Hours

4-ENGINED LANCASTRIAN AIRCRAFT

FARE HK\$880

SPECIAL EXCESS BAGGAGE & FREIGHT RATES

NEXT DEPARTURES:

12th JULY

16th JULY

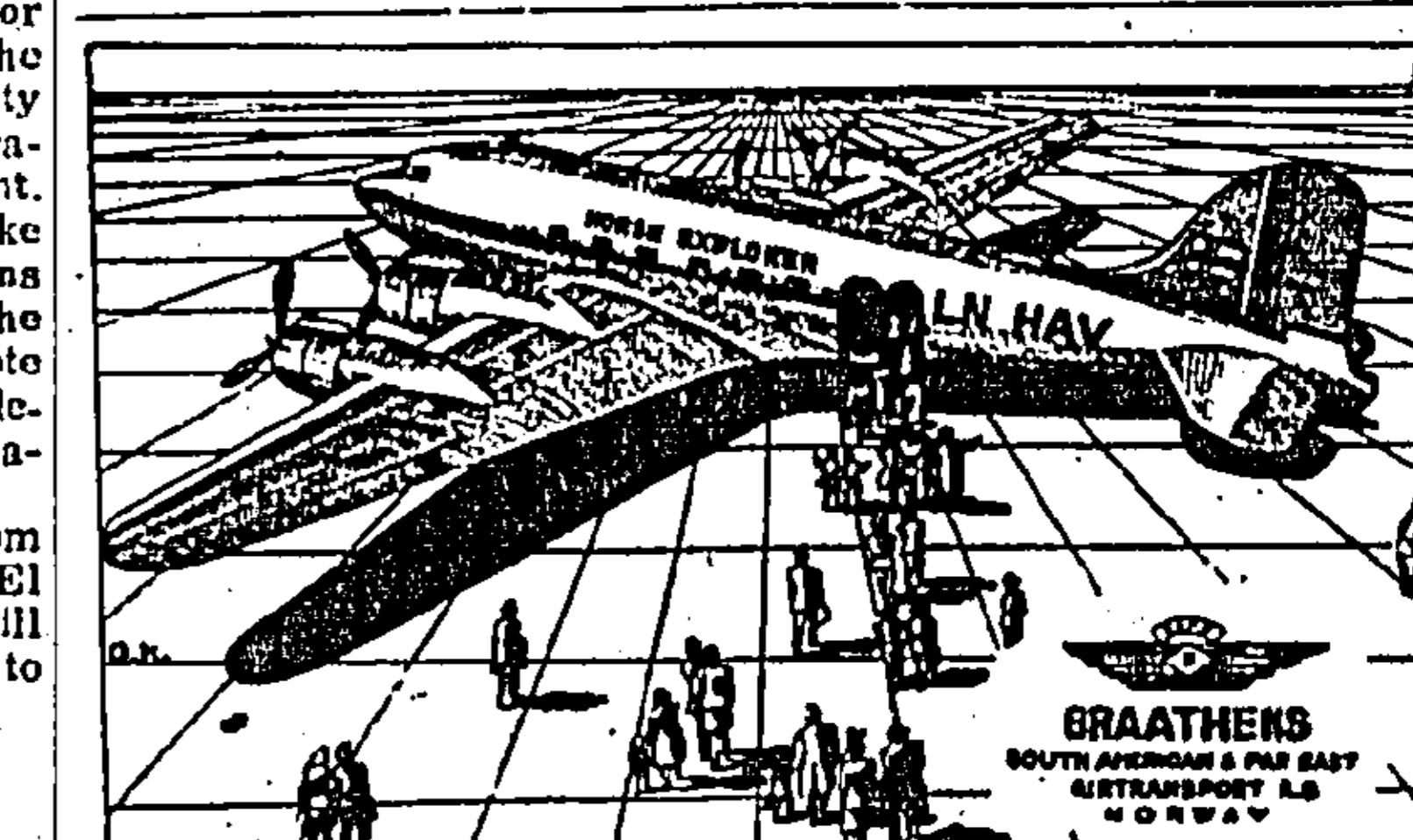
Details and Bookings from

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.

AIRWAYS DEPT.

Tel. 30311

And The Usual Booking Agents



LUXURIOUS "SKYMASTER" FOUR-ENGINED PLANES

HONGKONG-LONDON

VIA AMSTERDAM

3 1/2 days

BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN DESTINATION
NO PRIORITIES REQUIRED

EXPECTED DEPARTURES:

11th JULY

20th JULY

26th JULY

For Passage & Freight bookings apply to—

WALLEM & CO.

Agents:

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building, Tel: 34177-9

Chinese Freight Agents: HIN, FAT & CO., Tel 23444

THE EXPERIENCED TRAVELLER SAYS....

"I am on my way. It hasn't cost a cent more. Yet I have avoided the pitfalls of travel and am having an enjoyable trip."

"When you travel consult AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVEL SERVICE for all travel arrangements, and don't forget to carry AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELERS CHEQUES."

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.
4, Des Voeux Road, Central. Tel: 31236

General Foreign Agents—New York Central Railroad.



High class Architectural Fittings

Stocks Available

GILMAN & COMPANY LTD.

Engineering Department

4a Des Voeux Rd. C.

Telephone: 31146

CARTER & SUTTON

**AIR CONDITIONING
VENTILATING &
HEATING ENGINEERS**

236A, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK BUILDING.
TELEPHONE: 28904

MUREX

WELDING ELECTRODES

**THE JARDINE ENGINEERING
CORPORATION**

14-16 PEDDER STREET, HONG KONG.

TELEPHONE 30311

CELL-O-CRETE

Light insulating blocks made in cement
for HEAT, COLD and SOUND insulation
for ROOF, WALLS, PARTITIONS, etc.

Insulating and Building Materials.

Factory: Wong Chuk Hang Path,
Aberdeen. (H.K.)

Enquiries: Room 504, Bank of China Bldg.
Phone 20064.

Institute In Full Activity

The year 1946, the first complete year since hostilities ended, saw the resumption of all the normal activities of the Institute of Marine Engineers. As the result of the influx of 505 new members, giving a net increase of 379, the numerical strength of the Institute now exceeds 5,000. The actual figures, according to the annual report of the Council for 1946, were 5,129 on December 31 last, against 4,750 on January 1, 1946.

Eleven technical papers, in addition to Sir Amos L. Ayre's presidential address, were published in the Institute's "Transactions" during the year, and the Denny Gold Medal, for the best paper contributed by a member during the year, has been awarded to Mr. W. Sampson, the author of "Notes on Steam Jet Refrigeration for Marine Purposes."

The Institute Silver Medal for the best paper contributed by a non-member has been awarded to Dr. W. Ker Wilson for his contribution, "Oil-Engine Dynamics, with special reference to the Opposed-Piston Engine."

The executive committee of the Education Group have taken over from the Junior Section Committee the arrangement of the programme of junior-section lectures and this has now been extended to universities and technical colleges in provincial centres, as well as in London. Since October, 1946, lectures have been held at Southampton, Liverpool, Belfast, Sunderland, Swansea and Cardiff, and at Paddington, Woolwich, East Ham, Croydon and the Northampton Polytechnics, and King's College, London. Progress towards the attainment of the target of 100,000, to finance the erection of the Marine Engineers' National War Memorial Building has been made. On November 18, 1946, a first list of subscriptions was published showing that a total of 41,410 had been reached. By December 31, this total had increased to 44,171, and further progress has been made since that date.

Weather Reports By Radio

An intricate little radio set attached to a balloon six feet in diameter, soaring about 12 miles into the sky and descending to earth by parachute.

This is the latest method of obtaining accurate weather reports. It was developed by scientists of the Meteorological office to assist the RAF during the war.

Now it has been adopted for civil aviation and the Salford Electrical Instruments works of The General Electric Co., Ltd. of England have re-designed the instrument for quality production.

The new instrument provides the most accurate meteorological readings yet obtained from the stratosphere. Britain is now ahead of any other country in the development of this technique. The instrument is called "Radio Sonde." It is a polished black cylinder from which project delicate aluminium housings in which are sensitive barometers, thermometers. As it rises into the air it broadcasts a radio signal which is received as a musical note, varying according to the different conditions encountered during its ascent.

The transmission is picked up by a radio receiver on the ground, and the exact value of the note is determined by using a miniature television tube as an indicator. These results are plotted and within a few minutes of the instrument's ascent into the atmosphere having been completed, results are sent by teleprinter to the Central Forecasting Office at Dunstable.

Measurements of the speed and direction of the upper winds are obtained by tracking the balloon by radar.

When the balloon bursts, a small parachute opens and brings it safely to earth. Each instrument carries a stamped addressed postcard and an offer of £5 reward for its recovery.

Many are lost at sea, but those recovered can generally be used again after only slight overhaul. The General Electric Co. of England is the parent company of The British General Electric Co. Ltd. of Queen's Building Hong Kong.

ENGINEERING PAGE

Engineering Society Of Hong Kong Under Discussion

The engineer, like most other specialised professional men, is a dull fellow, unless perchance you meet him on his own ground. It is seldom indeed that one finds engineers in prominent public positions and those, who, by virtue of their seniority in the profession, do attain such positions, seldom appear to the layman to be wide in their vision or to contribute a great deal to the administration of the community. The engineers of Hong Kong are no exception, in fact it is perhaps true to say that they are, if anything, worse than their fellow professionals in other parts.

The reply of the average engineer to this accusation more often than not is that his work and training are of such a nature as to afford him little time to devote to matters outside his knowledge; that it would be a better world if a few more people did their own job properly and thought less about their own personal aggrandisement or political meddling.

Conscience Stirring

This riposte is an admission of weakness for it reflects the type of mind which says "tell us what you want done and we will see that it is done"; not why is it necessary to do it, or what will be the effect on the lives of other people around us if we carry out these orders.

There are however indications that the public conscience of our local engineering community is stirring and most heartening is the news that there is a movement to form an Engineering Society of Hong Kong similar to the body which has existed for many years in Shanghai under the name of The Engineering Society of China. The terms of reference of this proposed society and the framework of its

activities will be limited to the reading of papers contributed by single individuals, it could provide valuable training to senior as well as junior members by forming several teams or committees to study and make recommendations upon specific local problems. It has been said, for instance, that the housing problem is largely one of shortage of imported materials: is this true and, if so is it not possible to find local substitute materials, the production of which might well be the birth of fresh industries in the colony? Surely a team of selected engineers and architects would be the best people to answer such a question.

activities will be limited to the reading of papers contributed by single individuals, it could provide valuable training to senior as well as junior members by forming several teams or committees to study and make recommendations upon specific local problems.

It has been said, for instance, that the housing problem is largely one of shortage of imported materials: is this true and, if so is it not possible to find local substitute materials, the production of which might well be the birth of fresh industries in the colony? Surely a team of selected engineers and architects would be the best people to answer such a question.

Trolley Buses For Kowloon?

There has also been much talk and writing to the press on the need for a system of Trolley Buses in Kowloon; again a team within the general framework of

Welding Of Copper And Copper Alloys

At a joint meeting of the Institute of Welding and the Institute of Metals, held in London under the chairmanship of Colonel P. G. J. Guerber, C.B., D.S.O., M.A., President of the Institute of Metals, a paper entitled "The Welding of Copper and the Copper-Rich Alloys" was presented by Dr. Maurice Cook and Mr. Edwin Davis, of the Meta's Division, Imperial Chemical Industries, Limited, Witton, Birmingham.

Dr. Cook, who read the paper, said at the outset that it contained a review of existing knowledge on the welding of copper, deoxidised with silicon and other elements, and on the pressure-welding of copper and a range of copper alloys. The authors stated that the assembly of many types of apparatus and vessels by gas welding was particularly well-established procedure; the oxy-acetylene process, using a neutral flame, was that normally preferred. Phosphorus-deoxidised copper, produced by the addition of the deoxidant, usually in the form of phosphor-copper, had been primarily developed as the welding grade of copper. The presence of residual phosphorus in the copper, in quantities ranging from 0.05 per cent. to 0.10 per cent., improved the weldability of the metal and prevented the pick-up of oxygen by the molten metal during welding.

The effect of bismuth in copper was very marked; as little as 0.003 per cent. could have a serious deleterious effect on the metal. Even 0.015 per cent. of bismuth could give rise to embrittlement and cracking at temperatures between 400 deg. and 700 deg. C. Selenium and tellurium occurred in various copper ores and found their way into some types of copper. These were not likely to be supplied to welders, but it might be of interest to record that the presence of as little as 0.01 per cent. of either selenium or tellurium could make a copper virtually unworkable.

Work, done on silicon-deoxidised copper indicated that this element had much the same effect as phosphorus and that residual silicon in the copper, up to 0.32 per cent., enhanced the tensile properties of the metal without much reduction in the ductility, as expressed by the elongation value. Variable results, however, had been obtained from welded silicon-deoxi-

dised copper sheets and these conditions had been found to be due to the presence of inclusions in the welded seams.

Except in the case of very thin sheet, copper must be preheated to temperatures of about 500 deg. C., prior to welding and only when the metal was liable to oxidation during the preheating operation need a flux be employed. The welds should be of the plain butt type; fillet and other types of welds introduced difficulties due to the high thermal conductivity of copper.

Copper Alloys

The copper alloys, including such materials as the brasses, the bronzes and the gilding metals, all had thermal-conductivity values well below that of copper, and the choice of a process for welding them was thus much less restricted. The only technical problem involved in the welding of brass was that of the volatilisation of the zinc.

In a series of experiments, silicon bronzes in thicknesses ranging from 1/8 in. to 1 in. had been welded successfully by the carbon-arc process. If due care were given to the preparation of the surfaces, excellent results were obtained when welding tough-pitch copper, tin-bronze, deoxidised copper and 70:30 copper-nickel under pressure.

Work in this field indicated that the technique developed was likely to be of increasing interest to persons engaged in the joining of metals. In some cases, the welded joint was difficult to detect on polished and etched sections, even when examined under the microscope.

The transmission is picked up by a radio receiver on the ground, and the exact value of the note is determined by using a miniature television tube as an indicator. These results are plotted and within a few minutes of the instrument's ascent into the atmosphere having been completed, results are sent by teleprinter to the Central Forecasting Office at Dunstable.

Measurements of the speed and direction of the upper winds are obtained by tracking the balloon by radar.

When the balloon bursts, a small parachute opens and brings it safely to earth. Each instrument carries a stamped addressed postcard and an offer of £5 reward for its recovery.

Many are lost at sea, but those recovered can generally be used again after only slight overhaul. The General Electric Co. of England is the parent company of The British General Electric Co. Ltd. of Queen's Building Hong Kong.

Something New To Hong Kong

Something new to Hong Kong is the Packard Bell Phonocord which incorporates a 10 tube superhetrodyne long and short-wave radio, phonograph and home recorder! The home recording section is very effective, and reproduces speech, song or play as naturally as a commercial record. It also permits programmes pouring from the radio to be reproduced on records. These records are priced at a very reasonable rate, and might prove an alternative to sending your greetings and regards by letter.

The Packard Bell Phonocord comes in two units—the portable Model 1052 and the Console Model 1063.

Two exclusive technical features of the Packard Bell Phonocord are the magnetic type recording head and arm, and Packard Bell's special three-section control which is a volume and tone control in one, and which answers the public's demand for an instrument producing a good bass response at low volume levels.

IT WENT WITH THE WIND

Trolley Buses For Kowloon?

When production depended on the wind, calm days were idle days. Yet even in these times of electrical power, continuous production from every section of the factory plant is still to be achieved. By pioneering improved designs in vital electrical plant—in motors, transformers, switchgear and cable, Crompton Parkinson Ltd. have done a great deal to eliminate the windless hours from modern production. Their pioneering continues—and will continue setting new standards—responding to new needs and always leading—always a little ahead of their time.

A.C. AND D.C. MOTORS OF ALL KINDS . . . ALTERNATORS . . . D.C. GENERATORS . . . SWITCHGEAR . . . TRANSFORMERS . . . INSTRUMENTS . . . METERS . . . CABLES . . . TRACTION EQUIPMENT . . . ELECTRIC VEHICLES . . . INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC TRUCKS . . . BATTERIES . . . LAMPS AND LIGHTING EQUIPMENT.

CROMPTON



PARKINSON

LIMITED

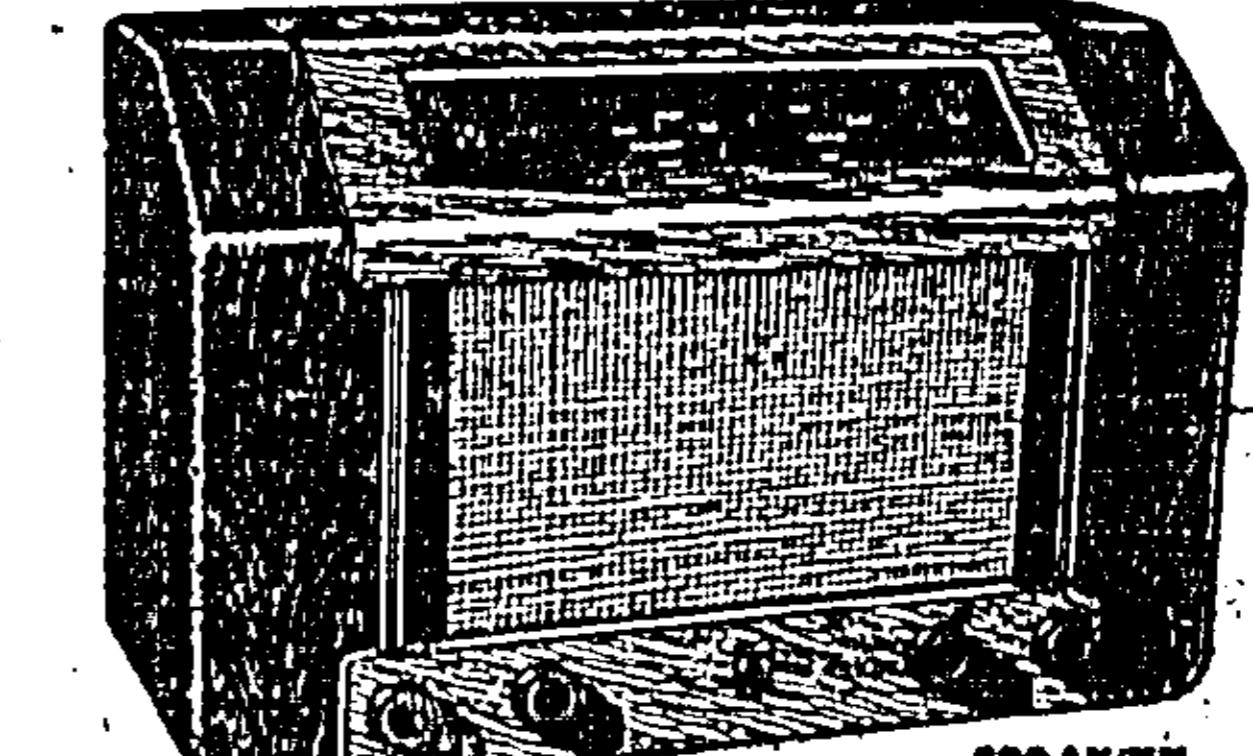
ELECTRICAL PLANT

ELECTRA HOUSE, VICTORIA EMBANKMENT, LONDON, W.C.2.

Sole Agents in Hongkong & South China: REISS, BRADLEY & CO., LTD.

National City Bank of New York Bldg., 2 Queen's Rd. C., Tel: 28006/7

BRING THE true
Magic of Music
INTO YOUR OWN HOME



390 AN/HN . . . finest table model receiver in the new Philips range, with the exclusive new FIDELITY CONTROL. 9 valves, 5 wave ranges. Modern wood cabinet.

395 AN/HN . . . one of the finest high fidelity Radioplayers to bear the Philips name. Connections for gramophone and extra speaker. 7 valves. Modern wood cabinet.



PHILIPS

NEW Radioplayers

CENTRAL RADIO AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

60 Nathan Rd., Kowloon. Tel. 50814. Also obtainable from—

CHINA EMPORIUM CO., LTD. TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.

CHUNG XUEN ELECTRIC CO., 17, Des Voeux Rd. C.

PACIFIC RADIO CO., 32, Des Voeux Rd. C.



ENGINEERING NEWS (Continued from Page Eight)

PACKARD BELL PHONOCORDS

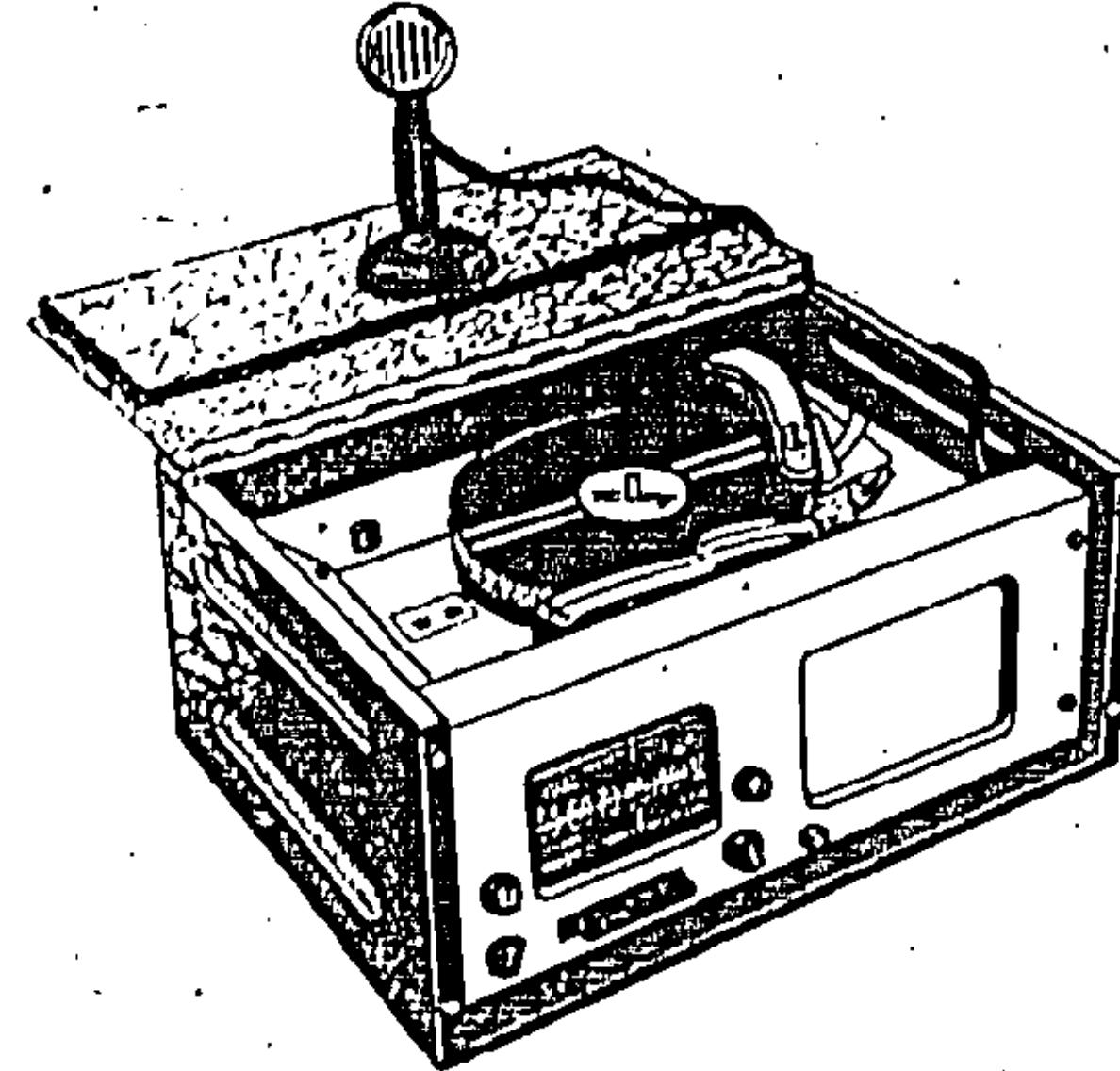
PROVIDE ADDITIONAL ENTERTAINMENT

to

Ordinary Radio Broadcast

by

Combining The Following Exclusive Features In One Compact Unit



Home Recording on Blank Records.
Radio Programs Recorded on Blank Records.
Microphone for Public Address.
Radio Gramophone.
All Wave Radio Receiver 10 Tube.
Each Feature Interchangeable by merely pressing a button.

SEE AND HEAR THE WEST'S BEST SELLING RADIO

AT

WAH MEE ELECTRIC COMPANY
TOMIN RADIO & ENGINEERING CO.
WING ON COMPANY
SUNLIGHT ELECTRIC COMPANY
THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

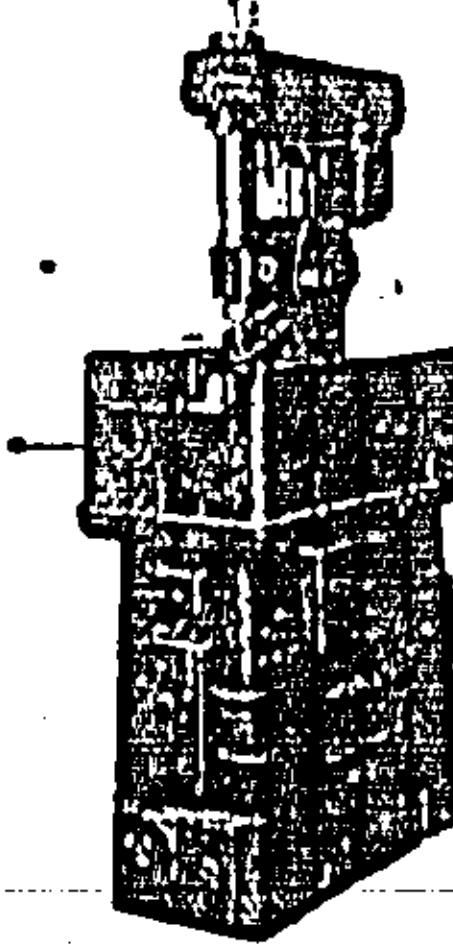
AGENTS:

GEIZ BROS. & CO., INC.

Exchange Building Hongkong.

Jones-Shipman

HIGH SPEED AUTOMATIC DRILLING MACHINES



Manufacturers' Representatives

FAR EAST IMPORT & EXPORT LTD.

127, H.K. & Shanghai Bank Bldg.

Tel. 323509.

Collairc ELECTRIC REFRIGERATORS
MADE IN ENGLAND

NOW IN STOCK

8 1/4 CUBIC FEET

8 lbs. OF ICE

A S.E.C. PRODUCT

THE BRITISH GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. LTD.
Queen's Building, Hong Kong.

Double Negative Arc Lamp Is A New Development

One of the most recent achievements of the Research Laboratories of the General Electric Co. Ltd. of England is the design of a new 150 ampere lamp for use in film studios. It is known as a double negative arc lamp and employs one positive carbon and two negative carbons each of the latter being 8 mm. in diameter.

The positive carbon has been specially developed for use with this new lamp. It is 16 mm. in diameter and is, therefore, of the high intensity type in which the core is comparatively large in diameter and is heavily impregnated with compounds of the rare earths. In the high intensity arc a high current density is maintained in the positive crater, thereby generating an intense heat which volatilizes the core materials and so forms a comparatively deep crater filled with the highly incandescent vapours which rise from the core. These vapours constitute the light source, and the use of a core of suitable chemical composition ensures that the light emitted is the correct colour for colour photography.

Hitherto, film studios have used arc lamps each fitted with one negative per positive. Lamps employing this carbon arrangement consume about 150 amperes and are prone to emit a bubbling or "frying" noise which may be reproduced on the sound track of the finished film. This interference is often a serious source of trouble to the sound recording engineers who sometimes resort to recording the sound separately and synchronizing it with the picture at a later stage in order to eliminate the interference entirely.

Noise

The production of the interference is dependent upon the current flowing through the negative carbon and the intensity of the noise increases with the increase of current.

Oscillograms were obtained by placing a suitable microphone close to the arc, amplifying the microphone output and then recording it on an oscilloscope. The amplitude is a measure of the noise intensity.

The disproportionate increase of noise at 90 amperes suggested that a more silent arc at higher currents could be produced if the load was shared between more than one negative. Subsequent experiments with a 150 amperes employing two negatives each carrying 75 amperes resulted in an appreciable decrease in the noise emanating from the arc.

Further experiments revealed that the amount of noise produced was, to some extent, dependent upon the exact positions of the negatives in relation to the positive. It was found that the noise was still further reduced when the negatives were set at an angle of 100 degrees to each other and pointing downward towards the positive at an angle of 30 degrees.

It should be noted that the use of two negatives reduces only the inherent noise of the arc, i.e. the bubbling or "frying" noise. The two negatives have no appreciable effect upon the noise which is produced if connected to an unsmoothed, or insufficiently smoothed supply. In these circumstances an arc, whether it employs one or two negatives, will act like a loudspeaker and convert electric current of a suitable frequency into audible sound.

Voltage Drop

The reduction of extraneous noises is not the only advantage of the double-negative lamp. The use of two negatives also has the effect of reducing the voltage drop across the arc from 65, which is normal for a single negative arc lamp, to 49 volts, and this enables a considerable saving in current to be made when a given amount of light is required. As the useful light produced by the arc is generated only in the positive crater, the power expended in the remainder of the arc cannot be utilized for producing light, and so the economy of power achieved makes the double negative lamp a more efficient light source than the corresponding single negative lamp.

It is necessary, however, that this economy of power shall apply to the complete circuit, not to the arc alone, before it represents a real saving to the user. The complete arc circuit normally consists of an arc lamp with a ballast resistance in series, the latter having a value so that the total voltage drop across the arc and resistance is equal to the supply voltage of 115 volts. Thus, in the case in

of the single negative 150 ampere arc, there is a drop of 65 volts across the arc and 50 volts across the resistance, and the total power consumed is 150 x 115 watts, i.e. 17.25 kilowatts.

It would appear, at first sight, that the reduced arc voltage of the double negative lamp would not lead to any economy in the complete arc circuit, for the power reduction in the arc would have to be compensated by an increased power loss in the ballast resistance. The reduction in voltage, however, is sufficiently great to bring the arc voltage well below half of the supply voltage, and this suggested that it should be possible to run two double negative arc lamps in series, thereby lighting two lamps for the same power consumption used by the one lamp and its ballast resistance. Test showed that this was an entirely practical arrangement which enables a studio set to be lighted with a power consumption of one half of that required for corresponding lighting in single negative lamps.

In Series

The table shows how much of the total power input is used in producing light and how much current is dissipated in the ballast resistances of a single negative lamp, and two double negative lamps.

Single Neg. Arc. (one lamp with ballast resistance)	Arc Current (Amps)	Arc Volts	Line Volts	kW in Arc Producing Light.	kW in ballast genera- lized heat	Total Power
	150	65	115	8.75	7.5	17.25
Double Neg. Arc. (two lamps with ballast resistance)	150	49	57.5	14.7	2.65	17.25

The double negative arc lamp can also, if necessary, be used in the manner of the single negative arc, i.e. one lamp in series with a suitable large ballast resistance. Such an arrangement obviously is not advisable when circumstances permit the series running of two lamps, but may be necessary for certain situations. To facilitate the use of one lamp or two in series, a combined ballast resistance and switch unit has been developed.

In order to obtain maximum value from the improvements effected by this novel arrangement of the arc, great care has been taken with the constructional details. The motor driving the speed mechanism, and the mechanical details of the carbon feed have been carefully chosen and arranged to provide a completely silent drive. The motor is fixed to the lamp by a flexible mounting so that mechanical vibrations are not transmitted to the metal lamp housing which otherwise might act as a sounding board and emit quite appreciable noise. The gears used are carefully cut and finished, and the fast moving components are located with the motor on the anti-vibration mounting.

Air Change

Both the lamp mechanism and the lamp house are made, as far as possible, from light alloy materials in order to keep weight down to a minimum and the ventilation system permits a high rate of air change so that efficient cooling is obtained. The inlet of the ventilation system is fitted with baffles which serve the two-fold purpose of preventing light from the arc escaping through the inlet and directing the flow of clean air over the inner surface of the refractor. Such an air flow prevents the deposition of fume from the arc on to the refractor and so avoids the loss in lumen output that would otherwise occur. The baffles in the outlet serve only to prevent the escape of spill light, and are arranged to impede the flow of air as little as possible.

The lamp is intended to be used with a refractor of the Fresnel type and will take any make of refractor 20 inches in diameter, the normal size for this type of lamp. It is fitted with a spill ring which absorbs the light scattered at oblique angles by this type of refractor.

Any further information on this new development may be obtained from the offices of the British General Electric Co., Ltd. of Queen's Building, Hong Kong, who are direct representatives of the General Electric Co. Ltd. of England.

SATELLITE TOWN

Plans to build a satellite town near Margam (Glamorgan) to house thousands of men required for the vast steel-strip plant now under construction have been abandoned. At a special meeting of Port Talbot Council it was stated that valuable coal seams close to the surface had been discovered in the area. Preparations were well advanced to build on the site but Government officials advised the local council to accept the inevitable. Possible alternative sites are being inspected at Aberavon, Margam, and Bag-

Stratheden Engines Survive Test

Manchester Extending Tubes

The linking up of Manchester's main line railway stations by two mile-long underground railways with sub-stations at the Royal Exchange, Piccadilly and Mount Street is envisaged in a plan for the modernisation of Lancashire, Cheshire, and North Staffordshire transport recently presented by Mr. Ellis Smith, M.P., to a special industrial conference of the Lancashire and Cheshire Federation of Trade Councils. The scheme would cost the city at least £6,000,000 and if the lines were electrified a further £15,000 per mile would be required. The project according to Mr. Ellis Smith, would mean that half the central area of the city would be within three minutes walk of the entrance to an underground station with considerable saving in travelling time. During rush hours the underground trains would run every two minutes and be capable of carrying a peak load of 100,000 passengers each hour. Another proposal in the construction of a North Western outer and inner electric railway service, which included arduous war duties, no alterations to the machinery have been found necessary. The efficient condition of the engines and boilers is a tribute to the Builders who put such good work into them and to the Officers who maintained the machinery so well in spite of the long hours and hard steaming made necessary by active service conditions.

Stratheden is the first P. and O. liner to make a normal passenger voyage since the war. She is now on her way to Australia from U.K.

It is significant that after ten years service, which included arduous war duties, no alterations to the machinery have been found necessary. The efficient condition of the engines and boilers is a tribute to the Builders who put such good work into them and to the Officers who maintained the machinery so well in spite of the long hours and hard steaming made necessary by active service conditions.

Stratheden is the first P. and O. liner to make a normal passenger voyage since the war. She is now on her way to Australia from U.K.

Meanwhile discussions go on regarding the construction of satellite towns in the Lancashire and Cheshire areas, but only one of the three suggested sites in the North West is likely to be selected for the time being. With Knutsford-Ollerton this would make two new towns. The scheme has been described as "for the Manchester and Lancashire industrial areas." It is not yet known which of the three suggested sites will be chosen. They are near Eccles and in the Chorley area, in the Carnforth-Garsdale-Inglewhite area, and at Gorton, near Northwich, Cheshire. Mr. Sillkin, Minister for Town and County Planning considers he can find homes for most of Manchester's 300,000 overspill in building two new towns and expanding existing settlements. The main idea is that such new towns should not be dormitories for Manchester but be self-supporting entities with their own industries.

A Book On Planning

BY JAMES J. GILLESPIE

(Sir Isaac Pitman and Sons, Limited, 12s. 6d. net.)

Mr. Gillespie has had considerable experience of reorganizing engineering works of varying size and character, and his book is not to be numbered among those advocating particular systems of production planning. He says at the outset that, with increasing experience, he tends to pay less attention to system and more to people's attitudes, and the emphasis throughout is on principles rather than methods. Where, however, he is dealing with technical operations—as, for example, in two excellent chapters on inspection—he is precise and to the point; it is unusual, for instance, to find so clear an exposition of the relationship between workshop and inspection gauge tolerances in a work of this kind. The inclusion of a section on surface finish is further evidence that the book is abreast of the best modern practice on the technical side. Again, on the subject of material control, the author writes: "The majority of executive engineers and metal founders are not yet 'science-conscious' to the extent that they are 'stop-watch, planning-board, and budget-conscious.' Yet the cost of equipping and running a real material control department and laboratory is not excessive." The book is comprehensive and includes office methods and time study in its subject matter, but this quotation should reassure this potential reader that these things are kept to their proper perspective.

In short, this is an engineer's book, and the engineer will appreciate the author's common-sense tempering of some of the more extreme pseudo-scientific methods of feed and speed processing and time-study methods that have been advocated, as well as his attention to some of the more often neglected parts of an engineering works, such as the

THE PALESTINE INQUIRY

London, July 8. UNSCOP announced today that it will resell economist David Horovitz and Fritz Bernstein, Jewish Agency industrial expert, for cross-examination at tomorrow's session.

MILITARY CROSS

London, July 8. The Military Cross has been awarded to 26 year old Flight Lieutenant William Collard of the Royal Air Force, a member of a team which parachuted into Elephant Point, the position to be captured.

Prior to the award, Collard had made only two parachute jumps. Subsequently he commanded a similar team which operated for three months with the clandestine forces in the Mawchi area of the Karen hills in Burma. —Reuters.

ROTARY CLUB TALK

A talk on airfield construction in Great Britain during wartime was given by Rotarian D. S. Hill at Tuesday's weekly luncheon of the Hong Kong Rotary Club.

The speaker dwelt at length upon all phases of aerodrome construction, from the blueprint stage to the actual completion and running of the airfield, and touched upon the shortcomings of the earlier airfields and the improvements put

in from time to time as the war progressed.

A vote of thanks to the speaker, proposed by Rotarian K. A. Goh, was endorsed unanimously.

The new Club President, Dr. F. I. Tacung, took the chair yesterday and extended a welcome to two visiting Rotarians, Albert T. Quon from Los Angeles and W. A. Foges from Bombay.

The only guest present was Mr. K. Smith Mitchell.

For every man's office.....
and every woman's home!

TWO-WAY TALKIE by DICTOGRAPH

PROVIDES EFFORTLESS COMMUNICATION.

TWO-WAY TALKIE by DICTOGRAPH

Sole Distributors:

E. OTT & CO. LTD.

FRENCH BANK BUILDING

THE MOST EFFICIENT AND Up-to-Date Automatic Duplicator

RONEO
DUPLICATOR "500"

Self
Inking
Feeding
Counting
Stacking

Full
Details
From
DODWELL &
CO. LTD.
7A Alexandra
Building
Tel: 20038

SHERMAN AND COMPANY
FOR ADVERTISING AND
PUBLICITY
AT YOUR SERVICE

ROOM 210, ST. FRANCIS HOTEL.

JAVA CHINA JAPAN LUN N.V.

King's Building, Connaught Road,
Tel: Shipping Dept. 28016. Passage Dept. 28017.
Chinese Agents: Connaught Road, C. No. 82. Tel. 25133.

Ship **DUKE OF YORK** due from **Java Ports**, Amoy & Shanghai, on or about 20th July.

SS "TJIBADAR" Java & Macassar, Amoy & Shanghai late July

Agents: K.P.M. LINE
(ORIENT JAVA AFRICA LINE).

"STRAAT SOENDA" South America Loading for South Africa Mauritius, Lorenzo Marques, Belga, Durban, East London, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay, Cape Town, Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Santos, Rio de Janeiro, 24th July.

Transhipment cargo on through Bill of Lading accepted for Dar Es-Salaam, Mombasa, Zanzibar.

SS "BOISSEVAIN" In reconversion Loading for South Africa South America August

Suitable cargo tanks for bulk oil

(DELL-STRAITS-CHINA LINE)

SS "YAN HEUZ" Behuan Dell, Swatow & Penang & Singapore, Amoy, 19th July 17th July

Agents: SILVERLINE LTD.
"DERWENTHALL" U.S. Atlantic U.S. Atlantic ports via India ports via Straits and second half July Suez, July

SS "SILVERSANDAL" Persian Gulf ports U.S. Atlantic ports & Karachi, via Straits and second half July Suez, August

Agents: HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE

SS "SIMON STEVIN" Shanghai Manila/Singapore/ Colombo/Suez/Port Said/ Genoa/Marseilles/ Antwerp/Rotterdam/ Amsterdam/Hamburg/ Copenhagen/Gothenburg/Oslo, 22nd July.

Suitable cargo tanks for bulk oil

SS "ERASMUS" Europe late July Loading for Manila/Singapore/ Colombo/Suez/Port Said/ Genoa/Marseilles/ Antwerp/Rotterdam/ Amsterdam/Hamburg/ Copenhagen/Gothenburg/Oslo, end August.

SS "HUGO de VRIES" Europe late August Loading for Manila/Singapore/ Colombo/Suez/Port Said/ Genoa/Marseilles/ Antwerp/Rotterdam/ Amsterdam/Hamburg/ Copenhagen/Gothenburg/Oslo, end September.

Peninsular & Oriental S.N. Co.

ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	TO	READY
"TREVAYLOR"	U.K. & Straits		14th July
"NOREL"	Karachi & Bombay		15th July
DAN-Y-BRYN"	Bombay		Early August
STRATHNAVER"	U.K. & Straits		15th August
"TELWORLAS"	U.K. Genoa, Riomay, Colombo & Straits		August
"TRESILLIAN"	U.K. Genoa, Bombay, Colombo & Straits		August

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	READY
"TREVETHOE"	Singapore, Penang, Genoa & U.K.	12th July
"TREVAYLOR"	Shanghai & Kobe	July
"TREVAYLOR"	Straits, Genoa & U.K.	August
"STRATHNAVER"	Straits & U.K.	End August (Passenger only)

British India S. N. Co., Ltd.

Passengers & Freight to India

Eastern & Australian S.S. Co., Ltd.

ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	TO	READY
"NANKIN"	Australia & New Zealand	Early August	
"EMPIRE ATHELSTAN"	Melbourne & Sydney	Early August	

For full particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE

DAILY SERVICE
Leave H.K. 1.30 PM Leave Macao 3.00 AM

Hongkong Berth — Tung On Wharf Connaught Road, Central.
Macao Berth — No. 20 Wharf

For Freight & Passage please apply to
TAK CHEONG SHIPPING CO. Phones 25115
Whiteaway Laidlaw Building. 25125

THE CHINA MAIL, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1947.
National City Bank View
Of Dollar "Shortage"H.K. Stock
Exchange

Little was needed to further stimulate the market, but the interim dividend of 42¢ declared by the H.K. Bank further helped matters. Buyers although inclined to be selective were no averse to increase their bids, consequently further rise had to be recorded in the more active counters.

Closing rates (noon): 1. H.K. Govt. 43¢; Loan 108¢;

2½% Bond 103½¢;

Hank. H.K. & B. Bank 2025¢, 2040¢,

2029/30sw, (Gen. Hgt.) 12½%; Chartered Bank 212½-216¢; Mercantile Bank A. & B. 222¢; Bank of East Asia 108¢.

Insurance: Canton Ins. 400¢; Union Ins. 720¢, 750¢; China & Foreigners 420¢, 450¢; K. & K. Ins. 300¢.

Manufacturers: Hongkong (Pref.) 160¢ X.D.; 210¢ X.D.; Shells (Flowers) 102½¢; Union Waterbells 25¢.

Docks: Wharves, Godowns, etc. H.K. & K. Wharves 200¢, 210¢; H.K. Docks 55¢, 56¢, 57½¢; China Provident 22½¢;

23¢, 23½¢; Shanghai Docklands 16½¢, 17¢, 18½¢; Hongkong Roads 7¢; H.K. Min. 6¢, 7¢.

Leads: Hotels & Bldgs. H. & S. Hotels 23½¢, 24¢; H.K. Lands 75¢, 76¢;

Shanghai Lands 6¢; Humphreys' Estates 24¢, 26¢; H.K. Realtors 16½¢, 17½¢;

Chinese Estates 100¢.

Public Utilities: H.K. Tramways 24½¢,

25¢, 26¢; Pen. Tram. (Old) 100¢; (New) 110¢; Star Ferry 115¢; Yau Ma Tei Ferry 212¢; China Lights 12½¢, 13¢, 13½¢

H.K. Electric 65¢, 66½¢, 68½¢, 69½¢;

Macau Electric 21½¢; Standard Light 12½¢; Telephone (Old) 60¢,

60½¢; (New) 22½¢, 23½¢.

Industries: Canton Iron 7½¢; Cement 18½¢, 21¢, 23¢; H.K. Paper 20½¢,

20½¢.

Mores & I. Dairy Farms 75¢, 77½¢;

Watson's Cks. 60½¢, 63½¢; Lane Crawford 2½¢, 6½¢; Shuree's Eng. China Emporium 14½¢; Converted Sun Co. Ltd. 140¢; K. & K. Sons 220¢; Wing On 125¢; Wm. Powell, Ltd. 5½¢.

Miscellaneous: China Entertainments 10¢, 11¢; H. & C. Contractors 11½¢, 12½¢; (New) 12½¢; Piling 6½¢; Morrison Ins. 12½¢; Morrison (H.K.) 1½¢.

Customer: Fung 2¢.

Gilt-Edged

Market Active

London, July 8.

The tendency of the markets again revolved round gilded for which there was fairly widespread support. In one or two instances funds were not quite at their best but gains extended up to 3% of a point.

This assisted industrials which also helped by provincial support, more especially for breweries and tobacco.

Oils, which sometime appeared likely to ease also were stimulated by provincial support. Kaffirs were quieter at the close but experienced a reasonable day with prices generally favouring hinders.

Coppers were firm throughout and there was also selective buying of commodity issues. Japanesse made some progress in foreign bonds, where some Europeans, which were recently depressed, recovered slightly. Brazilians were dull.—Reuter.

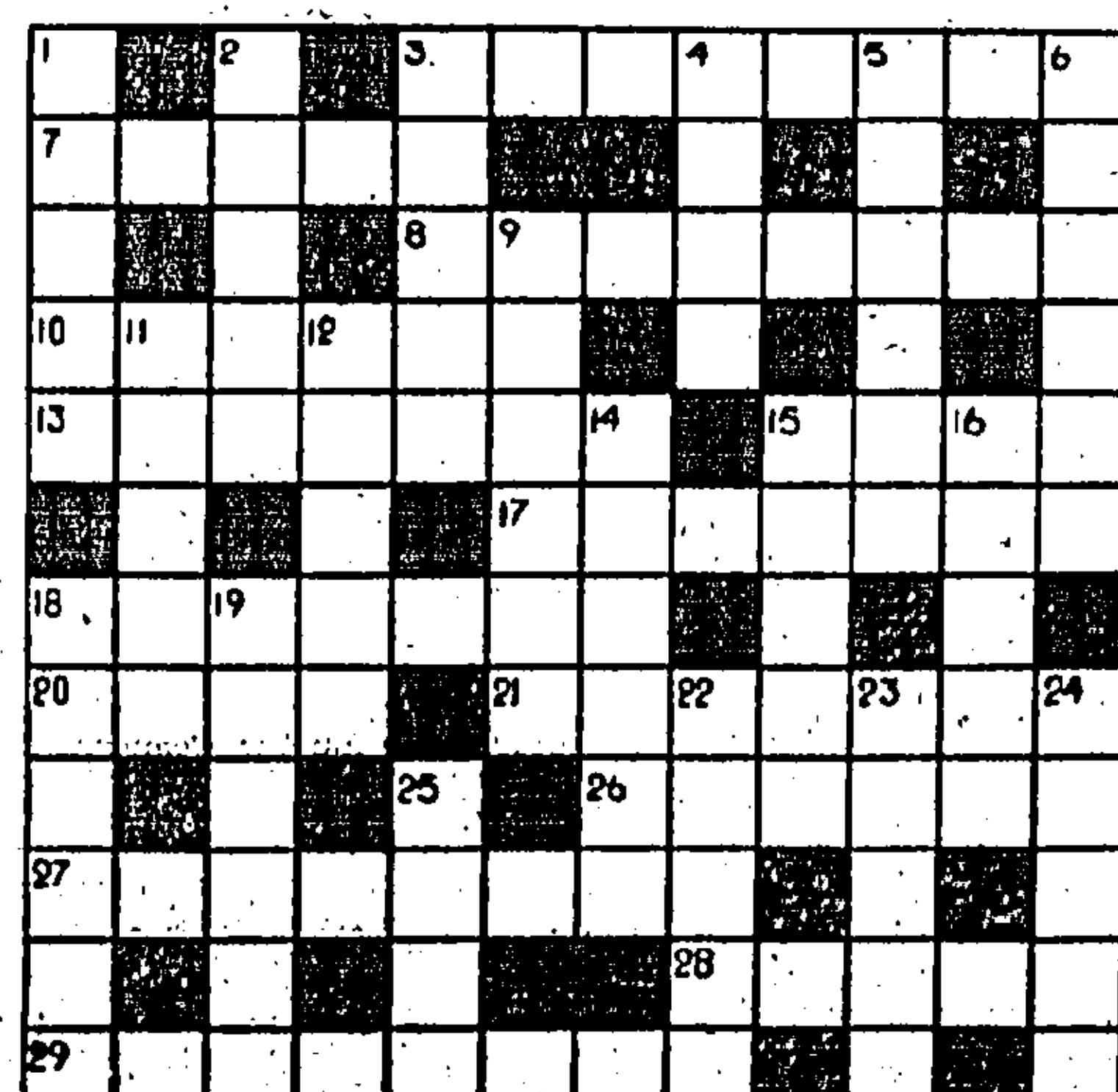
GAOL ESCAPE

Southend, July 9.

Stanislaw Borowski, 25-year-old Polish soldier who evaded recapture for 23 days after escaping from Norwich gaol, was remanded for a third time today at Southend, charged with being in possession of a pistol and ammunition with intent to endanger life.

The case is expected to continue on Thursday.—Reuter.

A BRITISH CROSS WORD PUZZLE



Clues Across

- Arranges.
21. Tales in successive parts.
7. River mouth.
8. Respectful.
10. Sword.
13. Revised.
17. Sure.
18. Avers.
20. Expensive.

Yesterday's Crossword

1. Murderer; 2. Suggest; 3. Inner; 4. Noticed; 5. Senator; 6. Treacher; 7. Divides; 14. Attended; 15. Tallisman; 16. Dastard; 17. Perused; 18. Resign;
21. Incept; 22. Strem; 23. Soplia; 24. Mete.

New York, July 9.

The National City Bank, one of the large Wall Street financial institutions, has taken issue with those economists who say the European nations must be given large dollar credits because their gold and dollar assets are seriously depleted.

The bank's monthly economic letter says some of the talk of a "dollar crisis" consists of "extreme statements." It adds that enough dollars and gold are available to the other nations or will become available under existing programmes not including the Marshall plan for European economic recovery to purchase all United States exports for some time to come.

The bank estimates that gold holdings in addition to American holdings and amounts pledged to the world monetary fund and World Bank totalled \$15,000,000,000 at the end of May. Dollar holdings were estimated at more than \$6,000,000,000.

Money available through the world's monetary fund, World Bank, Export and Import Bank and other American government lending, totals at least \$12,600,000,000, the bank adds.

It is noted that much of the gold and dollar resources are held as monetary reserves or otherwise committed.

Nevertheless the bank says

the large total of assets held by the other nations "provides an

answer to the more extreme statements about a worldwide dollar crisis." — Associated Press.

Transfers Banned

New Delhi, July 8.

The Government of India announced a prohibition today against transfers of large remittances of capital to the sterling area countries and also limited private remittances to £250 monthly.

Both rulings are effective July 8.

The Finance Department's

announcement said it was necessary to limit remittances to those required for definite trade payments and personal remittances of moderate amounts "in order to obviate the possibility of large remittances of capital from India to the sterling area countries pending negotiation of an interim agreement." — Associated Press.

Strachey On Dollar Economy

London, July 8.

The Minister of Food, Mr. John Strachey, gave an indication in London today of how economy in dollar expenditure would work out regarding food.

"It does not mean," Mr. Strachey said, "that importation of any particular commodity will cease. We will not spend dollars on canned meat to feed livestock."

He cited canned fruit and canned fish as examples of foods imported from the United States on which care would have to be exercised.

Dried eggs, Mr. Strachey said, had been considered, but he did not think it would be necessary to have a further cut in these.

Asked if he thought it necessary to import canned salmon from the United States, Mr. Strachey said that he thought many people would be disappointed if imports of this popular and nutritious food ceased.

He left London tonight for Paris to attend the Food and Agricultural Organisation Conference on wheat.—Reuter.

Contractor Fined

Fung Shing-ping, 32, contractor, was fined \$25 and ordered to pay \$25 compensation to Lee Yee-ah by Mr. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday for assaulting Lee with a wooden stool at 62 Ngai Tsui Long Road, on July 4.

According to St. Howarth, Lee was sent by her father to accused's place to collect fees for the water meter. Fung refused to pay and told the woman to "scout." When she refused, he swore at her and, on her returning the abuse, lost his temper and kicked her.

Not content with that, said St. Howarth, Fung took up a small wooden stool with both hands and bashed it on Lee's head. To complete the assault, he threw a piece of wood at her.

Complainant was sent to Hospital by the Police who was attracted to the scene by cries of "Save life." She appeared in Court with her head bandaged. In reply to His Worship, stated that the injury was "still painful."

Defendant denied the whole charge and blamed the woman and her mother for starting the whole trouble. Complainant attempted to assault him, he said, but he ran away from her as she was a woman and it was "wrong to strike a woman."

While the squabble was going on, said accused, Lee's mother came on the scene and the two females then laboured him. (He showed a slight scratch on his right cheek to His Worship.)

His story was not believed by Mr. Blair-Kerr who, however, decided to take a lenient view of the case.

The arrests were made both in the Paris suburbs and in the capital itself.—Reuter.

Washington,

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

1, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
Telephones: 30331-8 Private Exchange.

Agents: CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"CHUNAN"	Swatow 3 p.m. 10th July
"NANCHANG"	Keeling Noon 11th July
"NANYANG"	Amoy, Shanghai & Tientsin 8 a.m. 16th July.
"SHENHsing"	Shanghai, 4 p.m. 18th July
"NANCHANG"	Singapore & Penang 19th July.
"SZECHUEN"	Shanghai & Kobe 4 p.m. 21st
"PAKHOI"	Shanghai 4 p.m. 23rd July
"NINGHAI"	Bangkok 4 p.m. 23rd July.
"FOOCHEW"	Spore, Batavia, Sourabaya & Macassar, D.L. 24th July
"SHANTUNG"	Haliphong, Hollow & Tsimkong 10 a.m. 25th July.

ARRIVALS FROM

"PAKHOI"	Bangkok 17th July
"NINGHAI"	Singapore 18th July
"SZECHUEN"	Java & Spore 18th July
"SHANTUNG"	Hollow & Tsimkong 21st July.

CANTON RIVER LINE

"PATSHAN"	Arrives 3 p.m. 11th July
"WUSUEH"	Sails 5 a.m. 13th July.
"WUSUEH"	Sails 00.01 a.m. 13th July.

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U.K. SERVICE

"SARPEDON"	Arrivals from U.K. via Straits
"ANCHISES"	Arrivals from U.K. via Straits
"MENELAUS"	Arrivals from U.K. via Straits
"EUMAEUS"	Arrivals from U.K. via Straits

Sailings to

"GLENAPP"	Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, and Glasgow via Port Said
"SARPEDON"	Liverpool via Port Said

12th July
16th July
Early Aug.
Early Aug.

NEW YORK SERVICE

"TIBEXENOR"	Arrivals from U.S.A. via Manila
"Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.	Arrivals From

"SHANSI"	Australia
"SHANSI"	Sailings to Sydney & Melbourne

19th July

Early August
Accepts cargo to N.Z. ports on through B/L

All the Above Subject to Alteration Without Notice.

For Passage and Freight Particulars Apply To The Above.

De La Rama Lines

EXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES
TO AND FROM PACIFIC & ATLANTIC COASTS

U.S.A. LOADING DATES

Leads	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	(late July)	m.v. "HALLAND"
Pacific Coast	Mid August	m.v. "DONA ANICETA"

ARRIVALS

From	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	20th July	m.v. "DONA AURORA"
Pacific Coast	6th August	m.v. "BATAAN"

SAILINGS

For	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	23rd July	m.v. "DONA AURORA"
San Francisco & Los Angeles	9th August	m.v. "BATAAN"

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO. INC.		
Pedder Building	Chinese Shipping Office	Tel.: 23767-22075

HONG NAM & CO.,

STEVEDORES, TRANSPORTERS AND GENERAL CONTRACTORS.

Also suppliers of Junks, Barges, & Steam Launches. Special Work for Heavy Cargoes. Reliable and reasonable charges.

Tel. No. 32136. 28, Li Yuen Street.

MAERSK LINE

A. P. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.

Moller Steamship Company Inc. New York General Agents.

MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, ATLANTIC PORTS. SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA. M.S. "LAURA MAERSK" July 29

M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" Sept. 10

M.S. "GRETE MAERSK" Oct. 16

Special tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk.

ARRIVALS FROM N.Y. & OTHER U.S. PORTS.

M.S. "LAURA MAERSK" In Port

M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" Aug. 5

M.S. "GERTRUDE MAERSK" Aug. 5

For Freight and Further Particulars please apply to:-

Agents: JEBSEN & CO. Pedder Building Tel. Nos. 26661-3

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS
Britain Plans Beginning Soon After August
Serious Rioting

(From Fraser Wighton, Reuters Political Correspondent)

London, July 8. The British Government, I understand from reliable quarters, intend to begin the withdrawal of British troops from India as early as possible after the transfer of power date

—August 15.

No official information is yet available on the subject, but it is believed that reference will be made to it in the course of the debate on the second reading of the Indian Independence Bill in the House of Commons on Thursday.

The Conservative Opposition, I understand, has now named its leading speakers for the debate. It is expected that Mr. Harold Macmillan, former Resident in the Middle East and "Shadow Cabinet" member, will open for his party and that Sir John Anderson, former Governor of Bengal, will speak later. Mr. Richard Butler, former India Under-Secretary, who is usually his party's chief India spokesman, returned to the House today after a visit to America, but it is not known whether he will speak.

The third reading of the bill will take place next week, and there may be a short debate. Monday and Tuesday are the likely dates, but which day has not been decided.

General Lord Ismay, the Vice-Chief of Staff, who is here for discussion with the Government on the transfer of power arrangements, is expected to be in England for another week or at any rate until the Independence Bill is passed. Today, he had conferences with high officials of the India Office. Within the first hours of his arrival yesterday, General Ismay conferred personally with Mr. Clement Attlee and Lord Listowel and also had a meeting with the full India experts group of the Cabinet.

MAERSK LINE

Notice To Consignees

The M.V. "Laura Maersk" having arrived from New York and Ports of call Consignees of Carriac are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given 48 hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th July, 1947, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 14th July, 1947, @ 10 a.m. by our Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

All claims must reach us before the 9th August, 1947, or they will not be recognized.

No Insurance will be effected.

JEBSEN & CO., Agents Hongkong, 9th July, 1947.

Notice to Consignees

S.S. "TAKSANG" from Calcutta, & Singapore Arrived 2nd July, 1947

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed in the premises of the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. Ltd. between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12.00 noon on 11th July, 1947. Consignees are warned that claims for damage or shortages may not be accepted if the damage is not surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of Consignees at this appointed time and Consignees are advised to have their representatives present during the Survey.

ADMIRAL SIMS REFLOATED Yokohama, July 9.

Freed from an island where it had been aground for a week, the army transport Admiral Sims was in drydock here today for repairs before returning to Seattle.

The 10,000 ton vessel was refloated after bulldozers cut a deep channel alongside one bow and the ship was rocked by tugs until she floated.

The Sims then proceeded under its own power 15 miles to Yokohama for repairs. Army officials said the damage was comparatively slight, associated Pres.

SHE NOW RISKS IT

Deal, England, July 8. Mrs. Marjorie Hyde shed her reticence today in view of newspaper reports about the flying saucers and disclosed that she saw one on June 30 coming in at a low altitude from the sea.

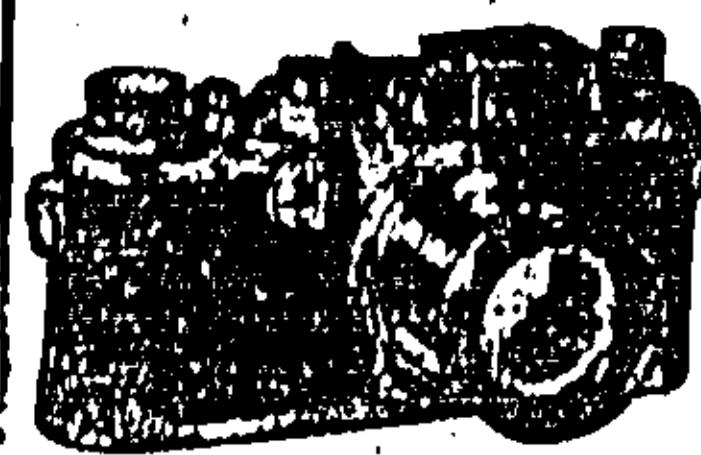
"I have been reticent about it because I didn't want to be laughed at," she said.

Her clergyman husband's theory is she had one too many.—United Press.

Shipping List

In Port

Armenon (B. & B.)	Holt's
Attepon (B. & B.)	Takoo dk.
Anhul (B. & B.)	Takoo dk.
Amaranth (Wel Lock)	B.B. Po
Annblock (Wallen)	Kin. dk.
Antchayen (B. & B.)	Takoo dk.
Appel (T. G. L.)	B.B. Po
Caroline Muller (Muller)	B.B. Po
Catherine (Everett)	Ymt.
Cheen Hain (China M.)	Co's whf
Chungking (B. & B.)	B.C. Po
Dunnes (Hull)	Cosmo dk.
Edith Moller (Jardine's)	Kin. dk.
Emp. Fraser (Jardine)	Ymt.
Emp. G. (M. T.)	Mackie's
Emp. Labrador (Williamson)	B.C. Po
Emp. Mountain (Muller)	Kin. dk.
Emp. Nightingale (Markinian M.)	A.5
Emp. Tern (Williamson)	Ymt.
Fenlon (B. & B.)	11.16
Foo Hsing (Wallen)	Cosmo dk.
Fu Sankoo (Hull)	Ymt. 17
Gardiner (Wallen)	Ymt.
Gardiner (Co. G.)	Co's whf
Gayo (B. & B.)	B.4
Hawkesbury (Wallen)	Tsun Wan
Heinrich (Jessen) (Jessen)	Kin. dk.
Heikou (Fat Shiu)	Ymt.
Hei Kwang (Mackinian M.)	Co's whf
Hien (Mackinian M.)	Cust. whf
H	



FOTOPRINT
CAMERAS
&
PHOTOGRAPHIC
SERVICES
7. D'Aguilar St., H.K.
9. Middle Rd., Kow.

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1947.

CAMERA REPAIRS

all types of
CAMERAS, ENLARGERS & PROJECTORS
Workmanship guaranteed.

ASIA PHOTO SUPPLY 10 Ice House St.

ENGLAND WELL ON TOP

Set For Victory In Test Match

London, July 9. South Africa, losing their last six wickets for 60 runs in 55 minutes were dismissed for 267 in their second innings and left England to get 129 runs in two and a half hours to win the Third Test.

South Africa's collapse on a tricky wicket followed some brilliant batting by Dudley Nourse, who scored 115 in two hours and 25 minutes and hit two sixes and 13 fours.

Nourse, batting superbly, at strokes all round the wicket, was helped by Ken Viljoen in a partnership which realised 111 runs in 95 minutes for the fourth wicket.

By attacking the bowlers Nourse prevented them from striking a good length and also sheared the ring of close fielders to be shifted away from the batsmen.

Nourse was particularly vigorous after lunch, when he scored 36 in 15 minutes, including a sixer out of the ground off Compton, and made England's bowlers look very mediocre. Wright, the Kent spin bowler, had a spell of two wickets for six runs in three overs, but most credit goes to Edrich, who is probably the greatest all-round cricketer in the world.

Scores:—

SOUTH AFRICA		Second Innings	
McIrvine	b. Edrich	59	
Dove	b. Gladwin	21	
Mitchell	c. Hutton	6	
Compton	b. Wright	22	
Nourse	b. Edrich	15	
Rowan	b. Edrich	17	
Tuckett	b. Wright	17	
Mann	b. Burnett	9	
Lindsay	b. Hollies	9	
Pilmsell	not out	11	
Extras		11	
Total		267	

BOWLING ANALYSIS

O	M	R	W
Edrich	22.4	4	77
Gladwin	16	6	20
Hollies	14	4	49
Compton	17	2	38
Burnett	5	1	12
Wright	10	2	32
Reuter			3

Cambridge Manages A Draw

London, July 8. Oxford drew with Cambridge in their annual three-day match at Lords.

The scores were: Oxford 457; Cambridge 201 and 314 for five (Willatt 90, Bailey 60 not out).

The results of county matches ended today were:

At Bristol: Gloucestershire drew with Sussex. Sussex 303 and 307 for seven (Onions 117 not out, Smith 64 not out). Gloucestershire 311.

At Nottingham: Notts drew with Lancashire. Lancashire 309 and 278 for five (Simpson 119 not out, Stocks 63 not out).

At Bradford: Surrey beat Yorkshire by five wickets. York 187 and 269 (Smithson 107 not out, Coxon 58). Surrey 271 and 86 for five.

At Kettering: Northamptonshire drew with Glamorgan. Glamorgan 312 and 180 for three (Dyson 67, Watkinson 51 not out). Northants 377.

At Coventry: Essex beat Warwickshire by six wickets. Warwickshire 20 and 202 (Taylor 93, Ord 63, Ray Smith 4 for 14). Essex 493 and 121 for four.

At Worcester: Worcestershire drew with Somerset. Somerset 278 and 200 (Lawrence 67, Ilmworth seven for 60). Worcester 353 and 93 for nine (Andrews seven for 44).

At Sheffield: Derbyshire-Kent match abandoned owing to rain. Derbyshire 287 and 176. Kent 213 and 11 for no wickets. Reuter.

LOCKE STILL WINNING

Chicago, July 9. Bobby Locke, the South African golf perfectionist, won the \$7,000 Tam-O-Shanter Victory open first prize today by shooting a four under par 140 to defeat Ed Porky Oliver in their 36 hole play off. Associated Press.

Bisley Shooting

BISLEY, JULY 8.
LIEUT. GENERAL SIR PHILIP NEAMA, VICTORIA CROSS OF THE FIRST WORLD WAR AND GOVERNOR OF GUERNSEY, HAS WON THE WIMBLETON CUP AT THE NATIONAL TRIPLE ASSOCIATION MEETING HERE.

Firing at 600 yards, he started with one inner and then made nine consecutive bulls. With a score of 49 out of 50 he beat all other Bisley experts.

Sir Philip has entered the contest in the "honour class," restricted to shooting for honour and not money prizes.

Today's principal event was the first stage of the St. George Challenge Vase, second in importance to the King's Prize.

Leading scores were by Captain D.S. Swanston, late Royal Navy, and Lieut. A. Moody, of HMS Excellent, Portsmouth, who made 74 of a possible 75.

Among the 73 was A.G. Fulton, the only man to win the King's Prize three times and who won the St. George Vase 34 years ago when a private in the Queen's Westminster Rifles.

Today, he beat his son, Major Fulton, by two points.—Reuter

May Lose Title

NEW JERSEY, JULY 8.
Jackie Paterson, British holder of the world flyweight championship, is in danger of having his title declared vacant if he does not meet Dado Marino on July 16.

The fight has twice been postponed owing to the ill-health of Paterson, and the National Boxing Association of the United States has suggested to the British Board of Control that the title be vacated in the event of Paterson not going through with the fight on July 16.

The American body has called the secretary of the British board proposing that Marino fight Rinty Monaghan, of Ireland, for the title, as the Irishman is next on the list of the National Boxing Association contenders after Marino.—Reuter.

ST. LEGER

London, July 9.
The St. Leger, last of the flat racing season's "triple crown" classics for three year olds will be run at Doncaster, on Saturday, September 13, instead of the traditional Wednesday, September 10.

This was announced today by the stewards of the Jockey Club, after consultation with government officials who have requested that crowd-pulling races be contested on Saturdays instead of weekdays to reduce truancy in factories.—Associated Press.

U.S. BASEBALL CLASSIC

CHICAGO, JULY 8.
American League won the 14th annual All-Star Major League game today by defeating the National League 2-1. The result follows:

R. H. E.
American League ... 2 8 0
National League ... 1 5 1

American: D. Newhouse, Shear, Masterson, Page; c. Rosar.

National: P. Blackwell, Brecken, Sain, Spahn; c. Cooper, MacL—United Press.

Printed and published for the proprietors: The Newspaper Enterprise, Limited, by WALTER JAMES KEATES, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

As a result of the South African Government's rejection of the idea of trusteeship for the former German Southwest Africa, General Smuts flew today to Windhoek, the capital of that territory, to prepare the case that he will present to the United Nations next September. He will remain until officials and political figures.

From present indications, South Africa, to meet United Nations objections to the incorporation of the territory, has devised a formula of "integration without annexation."

In the view of General Jan Smuts, the South African Premier, as expressed in public pronouncements, the South African Union should continue to administer Southwest Africa under the mandate, although the League of Nations which conferred it no longer exists.

The Union is prepared to report to the United Nations on its administration as it did formerly to the League of Nations.

The conversations that began in Windhoek today are intended to determine the conditions of "integration." A great majority of the white population of some 40,000 accepts closer ties with the South African Union, at the same time exercising a measure of autonomous authority, notably over mining and land settlement.

It remains to be seen whether an agreement can be reached before the General Assembly of the United Nations meet, so that a comprehensive plan may be placed before it.—Reuter.

WOULD BE NEW UNO MEMBERS

Lake Success, July 8.
The UNO Security Council today unanimously decided to refer re-examination of the applications for membership from Albania, Mongolia, Trans-Jordan, Elba and Portugal to its Membership Committee, with instructions to report back by August 10, so that recommendations could be made in time for the General Assembly in September.

Applications from these five countries were refused by the Security Council last year and the General Assembly subsequently requested re-examination.—Reuter.

London, July 9.
The Gaekwar of Baroda's Dilect It to be sent to America to race at Belmont Park on July 18. P. Khade the Indian Jockey, who has been riding in England, will accompany the horse and ride him in the event. Later, Khade will continue to India to ride at Bombay and Poona.—Associated Press.

Today, Don Bradman, interviewed here, replied: "It's very nice of Mr. Bray to make my future arrangements and plan for me, but I'm afraid what he says will not have any influence on what I do."

Bradman's Future

London, July 9.
"Daily Herald" cricket writer, Charles Bray, says, "Australia's greatest cricketer, Donald Bradman, will be a distinguished visitor to this country next summer."

"He will not be here as a player or a team manager, but he is going to cash in a little more on his cricket while the going's good.

"He is coming as a writer at the highest yet paid to a cricketer-cum-journalist."

Adelaide, Monday.
Today, Don Bradman, interviewed here, replied: "It's very nice of Mr. Bray to make my future arrangements and plan for me, but I'm afraid what he says will not have any influence on what I do."

Pokfulam Incident

O. E. Juliebin, clerk of Cathay Pacific Airways, pleaded guilty to a charge and was fined \$30 on one charge and cautioned on the others by Mr. Springall, at the Central Magistracy when he was charged with having discharged a 22 rifle at a place other than the New Territories for game and target practice, for discharging a fire arm within 200 yards of an occupied dwelling, 175A Sanson Road and for failing to notify the Commissioner of Police of his change of address.

S. I. Dewar stated that on June 1 defendant went to the back yard of No. 175A Sanson Road occupied by Dr. and Mrs. Ng and enquired if a bird that he had just shot had fallen into the yard. Mrs. Ng asked the defendant who he was and was informed that he was a passenger of an aircraft licence and was from the Police Department.

The defendant then went away and shortly after more shots were heard, but Mrs. Ng could not determine who fired or where the firing took place.

At Bradford: Surrey beat Yorkshire by five wickets. York 187 and 269 (Smithson 107 not out, Coxon 58). Surrey 271 and 86 for five.

At Kettering: Northamptonshire drew with Glamorgan. Glamorgan 312 and 180 for three (Dyson 67, Watkinson 51 not out). Northants 377.

At Coventry: Essex beat Warwickshire by six wickets. Warwickshire 20 and 202 (Taylor 93, Ord 63, Ray Smith 4 for 14).

At Worcester: Worcestershire drew with Somerset. Somerset 278 and 200 (Lawrence 67, Ilmworth seven for 60).

At Sheffield: Derbyshire-Kent match abandoned owing to rain. Derbyshire 287 and 176. Kent 213 and 11 for no wickets. Reuter.

At Bradford: Surrey beat Yorkshire by five wickets. York 187 and 269 (Smithson 107 not out, Coxon 58). Surrey 271 and 86 for five.

At Kettering: Northamptonshire drew with Glamorgan. Glamorgan 312 and 180 for three (Dyson 67, Watkinson 51 not out). Northants 377.

At Coventry: Essex beat Warwickshire by six wickets. Warwickshire 20 and 202 (Taylor 93, Ord 63, Ray Smith 4 for 14).

At Worcester: Worcestershire drew with Somerset. Somerset 278 and 200 (Lawrence 67, Ilmworth seven for 60).

At Sheffield: Derbyshire-Kent match abandoned owing to rain. Derbyshire 287 and 176. Kent 213 and 11 for no wickets. Reuter.

At Bradford: Surrey beat Yorkshire by five wickets. York 187 and 269 (Smithson 107 not out, Coxon 58). Surrey 271 and 86 for five.

At Kettering: Northamptonshire drew with Glamorgan. Glamorgan 312 and 180 for three (Dyson 67, Watkinson 51 not out). Northants 377.

At Coventry: Essex beat Warwickshire by six wickets. Warwickshire 20 and 202 (Taylor 93, Ord 63, Ray Smith 4 for 14).

At Worcester: Worcestershire drew with Somerset. Somerset 278 and 200 (Lawrence 67, Ilmworth seven for 60).

At Sheffield: Derbyshire-Kent match abandoned owing to rain. Derbyshire 287 and 176. Kent 213 and 11 for no wickets. Reuter.

At Bradford: Surrey beat Yorkshire by five wickets. York 187 and 269 (Smithson 107 not out, Coxon 58). Surrey 271 and 86 for five.

At Kettering: Northamptonshire drew with Glamorgan. Glamorgan 312 and 180 for three (Dyson 67, Watkinson 51 not out). Northants 377.

At Coventry: Essex beat Warwickshire by six wickets. Warwickshire 20 and 202 (Taylor 93, Ord 63, Ray Smith 4 for 14).

At Worcester: Worcestershire drew with Somerset. Somerset 278 and 200 (Lawrence 67, Ilmworth seven for 60).

At Sheffield: Derbyshire-Kent match abandoned owing to rain. Derbyshire 287 and 176. Kent 213 and 11 for no wickets. Reuter.

At Bradford: Surrey beat Yorkshire by five wickets. York 187 and 269 (Smithson 107 not out, Coxon 58). Surrey 271 and 86 for five.

At Kettering: Northamptonshire drew with Glamorgan. Glamorgan 312 and 180 for three (Dyson 67, Watkinson 51 not out). Northants 377.

At Coventry: Essex beat Warwickshire by six wickets. Warwickshire 20 and 202 (Taylor 93, Ord 63, Ray Smith 4 for 14).

At Worcester: Worcestershire drew with Somerset. Somerset 278 and 200 (Law